McKean County Miner.

VOLUME XXVII SMETHPORT, PA., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1890. NUMBER 47.

NOTICE.

The Circulation of the MINER is greater by 500 than that of any paper published in McKean County, outside of Bradford.

McKean County Miner

[illegible] BROTHERS & SON, Proprietors.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

[illegible] B. N. Y. & P. [illegible] arrives at [illegible] p. m. and 1 2 p. m., and leaves at [illegible] p. m.

[illegible] arrives at [illegible] a. m. [illegible] and 3 30 [illegible]

[illegible] leaves at 12 15 p. m. [illegible] Tuesday, Thursday [illegible] departs at 1 00 p. [illegible]

[illegible] must be handed in for [illegible] the time [illegible] will not be issued on Sundays [illegible] 12 M. [illegible] Sunday for delivery of mail [illegible]

[illegible] P. M.

Lodge Directory.

F. & A. M.

McKean Lodge No. 388 F. & A. M. [illegible] Masonic Hall [illegible]

W. P. [illegible], W. M.

[illegible] WILLIAMS, Sec'y.

R. A. M.

[illegible] in Masonic Hall [illegible]

[illegible] Encampment, No. 273 I. O. O. F. [illegible]

G. A. R.

[illegible] A. O. U. W. Hall [illegible]

[illegible] Adjutant

W. R. C.

[illegible] A. O. U. W. [illegible]

Knights of St John and Malta.

[illegible] Encampment No. 77 [illegible] Hall [illegible] Com.

[illegible] Chancellor

A. O. U. W.

Smethport Lodge No. [illegible] meets every [illegible] in A. O. U. W. Hall, Backus Block. [illegible], M. W.

[illegible] Recorder

E. A. U.

[illegible] second and fourth Wednesday [illegible] each month in I. O. O. F. hall

L. [illegible], President.

[illegible] Secretary

K. O. T. M.

[illegible] every Monday evening at 7 30 in Back[us] Block.

SAMUEL [illegible], Com.

[illegible] R. K.

C. M. B. A.

Smethport Branch [illegible] second and fourth Wednesday [illegible] each month [illegible]

JAMES MCNAMARA, Pres't.

[illegible] Rec. Sec'y.

W. C. T. U.

[illegible] Wednesday afternoon [illegible] Backus Block.

[illegible], Pres't.

[illegible], Sec'y.

Knights of St. Martin and the Iron Cross.

[illegible] first and third [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] Scribe

[illegible] McCAMMON, Warden

Churches.

Catholic. [illegible] pastor. Preaching [illegible] every Sunday. Sabbath school [illegible] after morning services [illegible] Sunday. Prayer Meeting [illegible] evenings at 7 [illegible] Saturday evenings at 7 o'clock.

[illegible] pastor. Preaching [illegible] Sunday [illegible] at 7 p. m. Sabbath school directly after morning services. Prayer meeting on Wednesday evenings at 7 [illegible] Saturday before [illegible] each month at 2 o'clock p. m. All are welcome.

Episcopal. [illegible] rector. [illegible] first Sunday [illegible] each month. Sunday school at [illegible]

[illegible] *Church.* [illegible]

St. Elizabeth Catholic. Rev. [illegible] GALLIT[illegible] pastor. Mass at [illegible] Sunday [illegible] Smethport and Clermont.

[illegible] pastor. Preaching [illegible] Sunday [illegible] Sabbath school [illegible] every Sunday [illegible] Prayer meeting Thursday evening.

[illegible] Sabbath afternoon [illegible] alternate Sundays. Sabbath [illegible]

[illegible] pastor. Preaching [illegible] services [illegible]

MASONS' SUPLIES!

Fresh Lime, Plaster, Cement,

[illegible] Hair, Tile of all kinds, Fire and Clay Brick kept constantly on hand and for sale by

A. REILLY,

SMETHPORT, PA.

April 15, 1888—1y

BARBER SHOP

ALFRED STURDVIENT

Would respectfully announce to the public generally that he has moved his barber shop into the recently finished and commodious room in [illegible] Front building next door to W. S. Phillips's store, Main street, where he is prepared to do

SHAVING AND HAIRDRESSING

in the latest style of the art. None but first-class workmen employed.

☞ BATH ROOMS ATTACHED

P. D. HOPKINS

Successor to C. L. Douglass.

Corner Main and Mechanic Streets,

SMETHPORT PA.

—Dealer in—

DRY GOODS & GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS, BOOTS, SHOES, &c.

Which I am prepared to sell very cheap for cash.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS

FIRST-CLASS QUARRY STONE

For sale at $2 per perch of 24¾ feet measure, when delivered. Also dry stone for Water Tables, Window Sills, and general Trimmings for Brick Buildings.

S. A. BACKUS.

Smethport, Pa., Aug 12 1887

TO CONSUMPTIVES

The undersigned having been restored to health by simple means, after suffering for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease CONSUMPTION, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To those who desire it, he will cheerfully send (free of charge) a copy of the prescription used, which they will find a sure cure for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, CATARRH, BRONCHITIS and all throat and lung maladies. He hopes all sufferers will try his Remedy, as it is invaluable. Those desiring the prescription, which will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing, will please address, Rev. Edward A. Wilson, Williamsburg, Kings County, New York. 33-5-1y

Professional Cards.

Attorneys.

JOHN N. APPLE. J. W. BOUTON

Notary Public.

Apple & Bouton.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW. Office on first floor of Henry Hamlin's bank building, Main St., Smethport, Pa. All legal business promptly attended to. Examination and abstracts of land titles, Orphans Court practice, and collections a specialty.

A. N. STONE, O. A. STURGEON

Stone & Sturgeon.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW. Office Pompelly Hall, Bradford Pa.

Lucius A. Berry.

ATTORNEY AT LAW. Rooms 5 and 16, Berry & Melvin Block, Bradford Pa.

BYRON D. HAMLIN JOHN FORREST

Hamlin & Forrest

LAW AND LAND OFFICE. Smethport Pa. Office of the late firm of Hamlin & Forrest, formerly Keating & Co.) situated in the counties of McKean, Potter, Cameron, Clinton and Clearfield.

Rodney H. Rose.

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR. Office over H. Hamlin's Banking Office, Smethport Pa.

Sheridan Gorton.

ATTORNEY AT LAW AND NOTARY PUBLIC. Office in Backus Block, Main street, Smethport Pa.

A. L. Keenan.

ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office opposite Court House, Smethport Pa. All legal business attended to promptly.

P. Ford

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW. Office Miner Block, Church Street, Smethport, Pa.

L. MCSWEENEY M. M. BYLES

Mcsweeney & Byles.

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW. [illegible] Producers Exchange, Bradford Pa.

EUGENE MULLIN T. F. MULLIN

Mullin & Mullin.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, 15 Main street Bradford Pa.

James C. Boyce.

ATTORNEY AT LAW AND SOLICITOR OF PATENTS, Office, Room 5, Cor. Main and Webster streets, Bradford McKean County Pa.

H. M. Mayo.

ATTORNEY AT LAW, AND NOTARY PUBLIC. Gleason Block Smethport Pa.

P. B. Cotter.

ATTORNEY AT LAW Eldred Pa. Will promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care.

Physicians

H. L. McCoy.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, office in H. D. McCoy's drug store, Main street, Smethport Pa.

S. D. Freeman.

SURGEON of Sanitarium and consulting physician and surgeon. Office hours from 10 to 12 a. m. and 1 to 3 p. m., Smethport, Pa.

Dr. Harry Chadwick.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Prompt attention given to calls day or night. Office first door east of W. T. Callar's drug store. v29n2tf

Wm. Williams.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE AND COLLECTOR of Taxes for Wetmore township McKean county Pa. P. O. address [illegible] Pa.

HOTELS

WRIGHT HOUSE,

Main Street, Smethport, Penn'a, B. F. Wright, Proprietor.

This Hotel is recently built, and is furnished [illegible] first class hotel. A well stocked and well kept bar connected with the house. First class in every respect. Rates reasonable.

Grand Central Hotel,

Main Street Smethport Pa. F. N. Taylor Proprietor.

This hotel has recently been renovated and refurnished. The table and bar constantly supplied with the best the market affords. First class in every respect. Rates reasonable.

COLEMAN HOUSE,

ELDRED, PA.,

opposite the B. N. Y. & P. Railroad Depot.

On the European Plan.

Newly painted and refurnished. First-class Restaurant in connection with the House. Terms reasonable.

Dec 1 '88

BUCKTAIL HOTEL

Kane, Pa. R. E. Looker, Proprietor

Remodeled and refurnished, and one of the best hotels in McKean County

THE FLEMING HOTEL,

TWO DOORS NORTH OF BANK,

KANE, - - PA.

This Hotel has been recently built and is newly furnished throughout in the latest style. First class accommodations for the traveling public.

JOHN FLEMING, Proprietor

BAYER HOUSE,

CLERMONT, PA.

New House. New furniture. Everything about the premises neat and clean. Table supplied with the best in the market. Patronage of the public solicited.

F. CHALMERS, Proprietor

Dec 1, 1889—1y

THOMPSON HOUSE.

MT. JEWETT, PA.

C. D. CAMPBELL, Proprietor

This house has recently been remodeled and refurnished throughout. First-class restaurant in connection with the house. 21-15-1y

W. T. CALLAR,

DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST.

—DEALER IN—

Drugs : and : Medicines,

Pure Wines and Liquors for Medicinal Purposes.

Stationery, Toilet Articles, Etc.

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

BRICK DRUG STORE,

MAIN STREET, - - SMETHPORT, PA

v31n34

J. D. AGNEW GEORGE W. TAYLOR

AGNEW & TAYLOR,

ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

Offices—Lenman Building, Washington, D. C. Tionesta, Forest Co., Pa.

With practice before the U. S. Supreme Court, Court of Claims, District Courts, and Departments of Government.

Special attention given to the collection of army and navy claims, pensions, pay, bounty, etc., cases arising under the customs, navigation and internal revenue laws, and patents. Blank forms and instructions mailed to claimants free of charge on receipt of their name and P. O. address. Comrades are requested to send us the names of all claimants they may know. 15-3m.

[illegible]

T. H. PURTLE,

General Blacksmithing,

CARRIAGE AND WAGON WORKS.

WATER ST., SMETHPORT, PA.

Repairing in all its branches promptly done in the best manner [illegible]

Horseshoeing -:- A -:- Specialty

Agent for [illegible] celebrated Hoof Expander [illegible]

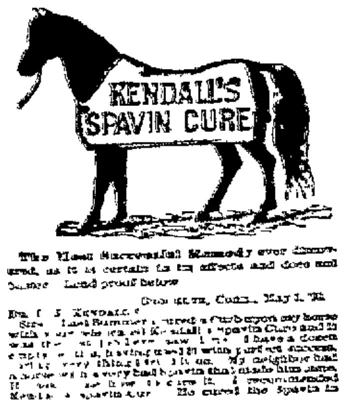
SCOTT'S EMULSION

DOES CURE

CONSUMPTION

In its First Stages.

Be sure you get the genuine.



The Most Successful Remedy ever discovered, as it is certain in its effects and does not blister. Read proof below.

[illegible], CONN., May 1, '90.

DR. B. J. KENDALL CO.

Sirs:—Last Summer I cured a Curb upon my horse with your celebrated Kendall's Spavin Cure and it was the best job I ever saw done. I have a dozen empty bottles, having used it with perfect success, curing every thing I tried it on. My neighbor had a horse with a very bad Spavin that made him lame. He asked me how to cure it. I recommended Kendall's Spavin Cure. He cured the Spavin in just three weeks.

Yours respectfully,

W. SCOTT WYCKOFF.

[illegible], Ohio, April 4, '90.

[illegible] I have been selling a great many of Kendall's Spavin Cure [illegible] that it was the best [illegible]

Respectfully, OTTO L. HOFFMAN.

[illegible] N. Y., May 19, '90.

[illegible] used several bottles of your [illegible] with perfect success, on a [illegible] entirely free [illegible] the joint.

F. H. HUTCHINS.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

[illegible] it my duty to render you my thanks [illegible] Kendall's Spavin Cure [illegible] I cured [illegible] a bottle of your Kendall's Spavin Cure which cured her in four days.

I remain yours,

MARTIN DOWNER.

Price $1 per bottle or six bottles for $5. All druggists have it or can get it for you, or it will be sent to any address on receipt of price by the proprietors. DR. B. J. KENDALL CO., Enosburgh Falls, Vermont.

EMIL THAMM,

Manufacturer of

CIGARS

and dealer in

CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO

PIPES, ETC.

49 MAIN STREET,

SMETHPORT PA

Next door to [illegible] Drug Store June 11 8m

1891 Harper's Weekly.

ILLUSTRATED.

Harper's Weekly has never failed to justify its title as a "Journal of Civilization," and it has done so with a constant regard to [illegible] of usefulness and a higher standard of literary and artistic excellence. It leaves [illegible] no important phase of the world's progress, and presents a record, equally trustworthy and interesting, of the notable events, persons, and achievements of our time.

Special supplements will be continued in 1891. They will be literary, scientific, artistic, historical, critical, topographical, or descriptive, as occasion may demand, and will continue to deserve the hearty commendation which has been bestowed on past issues by the press and the public. As a family journal Harper's Weekly will, as heretofore, be edited with a strict regard for the qualities that make it a safe and welcome visitor to every home.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS.

Per Year

HARPER'S WEEKLY	$4.00
HARPER'S BAZAR	4.00
HARPER'S MAGAZINE	4.00
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE	2.00

Postage Free to all subscribers in the United States, Canada and Mexico.

The Volumes of the Weekly begin with the first Number of January of each year. When no time is mentioned, subscriptions will begin with the Number current at the time of receipt of order.

Bound Volumes of Harper's Weekly for three years back, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, postage paid, or by express, free of expense (provided the freight does not exceed one dollar per volume), for $7.00 per volume.

Cloth Cases for each volume, suitable for binding, will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of $1.00 each.

Remittances should be made by Post-office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of Harper & Brothers.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

FIRST-CLASS BLACKSMITHING!

The subscriber has purchased the blacksmith shop recently occupied by Charles Kreuzer, on Mechanic street, near Gifford's saw-mill, where he is prepared to do first-class blacksmithing, including

HORSESHOEING.

Satisfaction guaranteed. He also manufactures

SLEIGHS

for Lumbering Purposes, with Patent Brakes if desired.

Can Cure All Ordinary Lameness in Horse's Feet and Legs.

CHAS. W. LILGENDAHL.

Smethport, Aug. 6th, 1889.

Contract To Let.

To cut, haul, and load on cars 10,000 cords of bark wood. Inquire over at Main St. or address A. J. Bond, Bradford, Pa.

Catarrh

Is a constitutional and not a local disease, and therefore it cannot be cured by local applications. It requires a constitutional remedy like Hood's Sarsaparilla, which, working through the blood, eradicates the impurity which causes and promotes the disease, and effects a permanent cure. Thousands of people testify to the success of Hood's Sarsaparilla as a remedy for catarrh when other preparations had failed.

Catarrh

"I will say I have been troubled for several years with that terribly disagreeable disease catarrh. I took Hood's Sarsaparilla with the very best results. It cured me of that continual dropping in my throat, and stuffed up feeling. It has also helped my mother, who has taken it for run down state of health and kidney trouble." MRS. S. D. HEATH, Putnam, Conn.

"I have used Hood's Sarsaparilla for catarrh with very satisfactory results. I have received more permanent benefit from it than from any other remedy I have ever tried." M. E. READ, of A. Read & Son, Wauseon, O.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

1891 Harper's Magazine.

ILLUSTRATED.

The [illegible] series of papers on South America, by Theodore Child, will be continued in Harper's Magazine during the greater part of the year 1891. The articles on southern California by Charles Dudley Warner will also be continued. Among other noteworthy attractions will be a novel by Charles Egbert Craddock, [illegible] original drawings by W. T. Smedley; [illegible] now published for the first time, a novel written and illustrated by George du Maurier; a novelette by William Dean Howells; and [illegible] London by Walter Besant.

In the number and variety of illustrated papers [illegible] on subjects of timely interest, [illegible] the short stories, poems, etc., Harper's Magazine will continue to maintain that standard of excellence for which it has been so long distinguished.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS.

Per Year

HARPER'S MAGAZINE	$4.00
HARPER'S WEEKLY	4.00
HARPER'S BAZAR	4.00
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE	2.00

Postage Free to all subscribers in the United States, Canada and Mexico.

The Volumes of the Magazine begin with the Numbers for June and December of each year. When no time is specified, subscriptions will begin with the Number current at time of receipt of order.

Bound Volumes of Harper's Magazine for three years back, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of $3.00 per volume. Cloth Cases, for binding, 50 cents each—by mail, post-paid.

Index to Harper's Magazine, Alphabetical, Analytical, and Classified, for Volumes 1 to 70, inclusive, from June, 1850, to June, 1885, one vol., 8vo, Cloth, $4.00.

Remittances should be made by Post-office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of Harper & Brothers.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

NEW YORK TRIBUNE.

1891.

The Tariff and the Farmer.

The Tribune will devote much space in 1891 to the tariff as it affects the farmer. Hon. [illegible] Horr of Michigan has been added to the Tribune's staff of tariff writers for this purpose. He will go through the columns of The Tribune, devote himself to this topic, and will write and answer questions upon points which perplex the American farmer and Mechanic. He will also, so far as other duties will allow, attend Farmers' Institutes and agricultural gatherings this winter and [illegible] and expound the principles of the tariff. [illegible] the presence of Mr. Horr at [illegible] The Tribune.

Young Men who wish to Succeed.

[illegible] young men [illegible] The Tribune has [illegible] which will appear in this paper [illegible]

"How to Win a Fortune" [illegible] by Andrew Carnegie [illegible] remarkable article [illegible] last Spring was so full of encouragement to young men.

"Multiplicity of Paying Occupations in the United States." By the Hon. Carroll D. Wright, Commissioner of the Department of Labor.

[illegible] American Boys. [illegible] the great American showman, temperance lecturer, traveler and writer.

"Importance of Good Manners." The views of Ward McAllister.

"A College Education good for all; what is best for those who cannot get it." By Provost William Pepper, University of Pennsylvania.

The Tribune will print from week to week well considered answers to any questions which young men or women, in any part of the country may ask.

Vital Topics of the Day.

"Present Needs and Future Scope of American Agriculture." By the Hon. Jeremiah Rusk.

"Proper Function of the Minority in Legislation." By the Hon. Julius C. Burrows, [illegible]

"Village Improvement Associations, their practical Work in Rural Districts, with the story of certain Model Villages." By the Hon. B. G. Northrop, of Clinton Conn.

"Principle in Politics and the Virtue of Courage." By the Hon. James S. Clarkson of Iowa.

"Influences of the Labor Movement upon Human Progress." By Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor.

"America's Suburban and Rural Homes." By George Palmer, of New York.

"Storehouses for Farm Products." By L. L. Polk, President of the National Farmer's Alliance.

"Glaciers of the United States." By Professor Israel C. Russell, of the United States Geological Survey and explorer of Alaska.

Other Features.

During 1891 The Tribune will print a valuable series of articles, written by its own traveling correspondent, on the agriculture of the United States, with explanations of a large number of model farms.

A special correspondent, a practical farmer, is now in France, visiting the farms and farm buildings of that thriftiest of the agricultural nations of the world. He will report upon the dairy, grain, stock and other branches of French farming in illustrated articles.

Mrs. Annie Wittenmeyer, President of the Woman's Relief Corps, will contribute a column of notes and news to The Tribune's G. A. R. page every week.

Admirable letters of travel in the Southern States, illustrated with pictures, will be printed describing the south as it exists to-day.

All the regular features will be continued.

The Home Circle columns will be varied by frequent illustrated articles on home decoration, fashions and other subjects of interest to women. Written principally for people with little money.

Mrs. Bayard Taylor, the widow of Bayard Taylor, will write articles on Cookery. She is a remarkable house keeper, with a scientific as well as practical knowledge of her subject.

Steinitz, the great chess champion of the world, will supply a column a week on the greatest and purest of all the games at home.

Foreign letters, good stories, the news of the day, the best of market reports, book reviews and literary news, witty jokes, etc., etc.

The Tribune is printed in large type and broad columns, and is the easiest paper to read in the country.

Premiums.

Premium List for 1891, containing many new and useful articles, will be sent to applicants free.

Prizes for Large Clubs.

Club raisers are invited to write to this office for The Tribune's new Terms to Agents.

Subscriptions.

The Weekly, $1.00 a year, free for the rest of 1890. Semi Weekly, $2.00; free for the rest of 1890. Daily $10.00. Sunday Tribune, $2.00. Tribune Monthly, $2.00. Sample copies free.

THE TRIBUNE, New York.

LADIES PEERLESS DYES

Do Your Own Dyeing, at Home.

They will dye everything. They are sold everywhere. Price 10c. a package. They have no equal for Strength, Brightness, Amount in Package or for Fastness of Color, or non-fading Qualities. They do not crock or smut, 40 colors. For sale by [illegible]

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE

A VOLUMINOUS AND COMPREHENSIVE DOCUMENT

Great Space Devoted to the Tariff Problem—The Reciprocity Clause Reviewed in Detail—A Postal Telegraph System Recommended—Also the Establishment of an American Line of Steamships—Full Text of the Message.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—Following is the full text of the president's message, read at the opening of congress yesterday:

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

The vast and increasing business of the government has been transacted by the several departments during the year with faithfulness, energy and success. The revenues, amounting to above $450,000,000, have been collected and disbursed without revealing, so far as I can ascertain, a single case of defalcation or embezzlement. An earnest effort has been made to stimulate a sense of responsibility and public duty in all officers and employes of every grade, and the work done by them has almost wholly escaped unfavorable criticism. I speak of these matters with freedom because the credit of this good work is not mine, but is shared by the heads of the several departments with the great body of faithful officers and employes who serve under them.

Our Relations With Foreign Powers.

The friendly relations of our country with the nations of Europe and of the East have been undisturbed, while the ties of good will and common interest that bind us to the states of the Western hemisphere have been notably strengthened by the conference held in this capital to consider measures for the general welfare.

Pursuant to the invitation authorized by congress the representatives of every independent state of the American continent and of Hayti met in conference in this capital in October, 1889, and continued in session until the 19th of last April. This important convocation marks a most interesting and influential epoch in the history of the Western hemisphere. It is noteworthy that Brazil, invited while under an imperial form of government, shared as a republic in the deliberations and results of the conference. The recommendations of this conference were all transmitted to congress at the last session.

International Marine Conference.

The international marine conference, which sat at Washington last winter, reached a very gratifying result. The regulations suggested have been brought to the attention of all the governments represented and their general adoption is confidently expected. The legislation of congress at the last session is in conformity with the propositions of the conference and the proclamation therein provided will be issued when the other powers have given notice of their adhesion.

Slave Trade in Africa.

The conference of Brussels to devise means for suppressing the slave trade in Africa, afforded an opportunity for a new expression of interest the American people feel in that great work. The United States not being a party to that act could not share in its revision, but by a separate act the independent state of the Congo was freed from the restrictions upon a customs revenue. The demoralizing and destructive traffic in ardent spirits among the tribes also claimed the earnest attention of the conference and the delegates of the United States were foremost in advocating measures for its suppression.

Brazilian Republic Recognized.

Toward the end of the last year the only monarchical government on the Western continent, that of Brazil, ceased to exist and was succeeded by a republic. Diplomatic relations were at once established with the new government and when the event showed that it had popular approval and support no time was lost in extending to the government a full and cordial welcome into the family of American commonwealths.

The killing of Gen. Barrundia on board the Pacific mail steamer Acapulco while anchored in transit in the port of San Jose de Guatemala demanded careful inquiry. Having failed in a revolutionary attempt to invade Guatemala from Mexican territory, Barrundia took passage at Acapulco for Panama. The consent of the representatives of the United States was sought to effect his seizure first at Champerico where the steamer touched, and afterwards at San Jose.

The captain of the steamer refused to give up his passenger without a written order from the United States minister. The latter furnished the desired letter. This letter was then presented to the captain of the Acapulco by the military commander at San Jose. Gen. Barrundia resisted capture and was killed. It being evident that the minister, Mr. Mizner, had exceeded the bounds of his authority, I was constrained to disavow Mr. Mizner's act and recall him from his post.

The Nicaragua Canal's Progress.

The Nicaragua canal project under the control of our citizens, is making most encouraging progress, all the preliminary conditions and initial operations having been accomplished within the prescribed time.

During the past year negotiations have been renewed for the settlement of the claims of American citizens against the government of Chili principally growing out of the late war with Peru. The reports from our ministers at Santiago warrant the expectation of an early and satisfactory adjustment.

Chinese Immigration Question.

Our relations with China, which have for several years occupied so important a place in our diplomatic history have called for careful consideration and have been the subject of much correspondence. The communications of the Chinese minister have brought into view the whole subject of our conventional relations with his country, and at the same time this government, through its legation at Peking, has sought to arrange various matters and complaints touching the interests and protection of our citizens in China. In pursuance of the concurrent resolution of Oct. 1, 1890, I have proposed to the governments of Mexico and Great Britain to consider a conventional regulation of the passage of Chinese laborers across our southern and northern frontiers.

France's Embargo on American Meat.

Our relations with the French republic continue to be cordial. Our representative at that court has very diligently urged the removal of the restrictions imposed upon our meat products and it is believed that substantial progress has been made toward a just settlement.

Treaty With Samoa.

The Samoan treaty signed last year at Berlin by the representatives of the United States, Germany and Great Britain after due ratification has begun to produce salutary effects. The formation of the government will soon replace the disorder of the past by a stable administration alike just to the natives and equitable to the three powers most concerned in trade and intercourse with the Samoan islands.

The new treaty of extradition with Great Britain, after due ratification, was proclaimed on the 25th of last March. Its beneficial working is already apparent.

The Behring Sea Problem.

The difference between the two governments touching the fur seal question in the Behring sea is not yet adjusted as will be seen by the correspondence which will soon be laid before congress. The offer to submit the question to arbitration as proposed by her majesty's government has not been accepted for the reason that the form of submission proposed is not thought to be calculated to assure a conclusion satisfactory to either party. It is sincerely hoped that before the opening of another sealing season some arrangement may be effected which will assure to the United States a property right derived from Russia which was not disregarded by any nation for more than eighty years preceding the outbreak of the existing trouble.

In the tariff act a wrong was done to the Kingdom of Hawaii which I am bound to presume was wholly unintentional. Duties were levied on certain commodities which were included in the reciprocity treaty now existing between the United States and the Kingdom of Hawaii without indicating the necessary exception in favor of that kingdom. I hope congress will repair what might otherwise seem to be a breach of faith on the part of this government.

Delagoa Bay Railway Seizure.

In the summer of 1889 an incident occurred which for some time threatened to interrupt the cordiality of our relations with the government of Portugal. That government seized the Delagoa Bay railway, which was constructed under a concession granted to an American citizen and at the same time annulled the charter. The concessionary, who had embarked his fortune in the enterprise, having exhausted other means of redress, was compelled to invoke the protection of his government. Our representations made coincidently with those of the British government whose subjects were also largely interested, happily resulted in the recognition by Portugal of the propriety of submitting the claim for indemnity growing out of its action to arbitration. This plan of settlement having been agreed upon, the interested powers readily concurred in the proposal to submit the case to the judgment of three eminent jurists, to be designated by the president of the Swiss republic, who, upon the joint invitation of the governments of the United States, Great Britain and Portugal, has selected persons well qualified for the task before them.

Our Relations With Mexico.

The friendship between our country and Mexico born of close neighborhood and strengthened by many considerations of intimate intercourse and reciprocal interest, has never been more conspicuous than now, nor more hopeful of increased benefit to both nations. The intercourse of the two countries by rail, already great, is making constant growth. The established lines and those recently projected add to the intimacy of traffic and open new channels of access to fresh areas of demand and supply. The importance of the Mexican railway system will be further enhanced to a degree almost impossible to forecast if it should become a link in the projected intercontinental railway. I recommend that our mission in the City of Mexico be raised to the first class.

The cordial character of our relations with Spain warrants the hope that by the continuance of methods of friendly negotiation much may be accomplished in the direction of an adjustment of pending questions and of the increase of our trade.

The restoration of the remains of John Ericsson to Sweden afforded a gratifying occasion to honor the memory of the great inventor to whose genius our country owes so much and to bear witness to the unbroken friendship which has existed between the land which bore him and our own which claimed him as a citizen.

On the 2d of September last the commission appointed to revise the proceedings of the commission under the claims convention between the United States and Venezuela of 1866 brought its labors to a close. For the settlement of the claim of the Venezuela Steam Transportation company, which was the subject of a joint resolution adopted at the last session of congress, negotiations are still in progress and their early conclusion is anticipated.

Protecting Domestic Revenues.

The legislation of the past few years has evinced on the part of congress a growing realization of the importance of the consular service in fostering our commercial relations abroad and in protecting the domestic revenues. The necessity of some adequate measure of supervision and inspection has been so often presented that I need only commend the subject to your attention.

Receipts and Expenditures.

The revenues of the government from all sources for the fiscal year [illegible] and the total expenditures for the same period were $358,618,584.52.

The postal receipts have not heretofore been included in the statement of these aggregates, and for the purpose of comparison the sum of $60,882,097.92 should be deducted from both sides of the account. The surplus for the year, including the amount applied to the sinking fund, was $105,344,496.03. The receipts for 1890 were $16,030,923.79, and the expenditures $15,739,871 in excess of those of 1889. The customs receipts increased $5,835,842.88, and the receipts from internal revenue $11,725,191.89, while on the side of expenditures that for pensions was $19,312,075.96 in excess of the preceding year.

Surplus in the Treasury.

The treasury statement for the current year, partly actual and partly estimated, is as follows: Receipts from all sources, $406,000,000; total expenditures, $354,000,000, leaving a surplus of $52,000,000, not taking the postal receipts into the account on either side.

The loss of revenue from customs for the last quarter is estimated at $25,000,000, but from this is deducted a gain of about $16,000,000, realized during the first four months of the year.

For the year 1892 the total estimated receipts are $373,000,000, and the estimated expenditures $357,852,209.42, leaving an estimated surplus of $15,147,790.58, which, with a cash balance of $52,000,000 at the beginning of the year, will give $67,147,790.58 as the sum available for the redemption of outstanding bonds or other uses. The estimates of receipts and expenditures for the postoffice department being equal are not included in this statement on either side.

Purchase of Silver Bullion.

The act directing the purchase of silver bullion and the issue of treasury notes thereon approved July 14, 1890, has been administered by the secretary of the treasury with an earnest purpose to get into circulation at the earliest possible dates the full monthly amounts of treasury notes contemplated by its provisions and at the same time to give to the market for silver bullion such support as the law contemplates. The recent depreciation in the price of silver has been observed with regret. The rapid rise in the price which anticipated and followed the passage of the act was influenced in some degree by speculation and the recent reaction is in part the result of same cause and in part of recent monetary disturbances. Some months of further trial will be necessary to determine the permanent effect of the recent legislation upon silver values.

While it has not been thought best to renew formally the suggestion of an international conference looking to an agreement touching the full use of silver for coinage at a uniform ratio, no favorable opportunity will be lost to promote a result which it is confidently believed would confer very large benefits upon the commerce of the world.

Increase in Internal Revenue.

I notice with great pleasure the statement of the secretary that the receipts from internal revenue have increased during the last fiscal year nearly $12,000,000, and that the cost of collecting this larger revenue was less by $90,617 than for the same purpose in preceding years. The percentage of cost of collecting the customs revenue was less for the last fiscal year than ever before.

The customs administration board provided by the act of June, 1890, was selected with great care and is composed in part of men whose legal and judicial acquirements and experience seemed to fit them for the work of interpreting and applying the new statute.

The Evil of Undervaluation.

The chief aim of the law is to secure honest valuations of all dutiable merchandise and to make these valuations uniform at all our parts of entry.

It had been made manifest by a congressional investigation that a system of undervaluation had been long in use by certain classes of importers resulting not only in a great loss of revenue, but in a most intolerable discrimination against honesty. It is not seen how this legislation, when it is understood, can be regarded by the citizens of any country having commercial dealings with us, as unfriendly. If any duty is supposed to be excessive let the complaint be lodged there. It will not be claimed by any well disposed people that a remedy may be sought or allowed in a system of quasi smuggling.

Army Desertions Reduced.

The report of the secretary of war exhibits several gratifying results attained during the year by wise and unostentatious methods. The percentage of desertions from the army has been reduced during the past year 24 per cent.

Better Coast Defenses Recommended.

I concur in the recommendations of the secretary that adequate and regular appropriations be continued for coast defense works and ordnance. Plans have been practically agreed upon, and there can be no good reason for delaying the execution of them, while the defenseless state of our great seaports furnishes an urgent reason for wise expedition.

Department of Justice.

The report of the attorney general is under the law submitted directly to congress, but as the department of justice is one of the executive departments, some reference to the work done is appropriate here. A vigorous and in the main an effective effort has been made to bring to trial and punishment all violators of the laws. Especial attention has been given to the facts connected with the prosecution of violations of election laws and of offenses against United States officers. The number of convictions secured, very many of them upon pleas of guilty, will, it is hoped, have a salutary restraining influence.

At the last session I returned without my approval a bill entitled "An act to prohibit book making and book-selling in the District of Columbia," and stated my objection to be that it did not prohibit, but in fact licensed what it proposed to prohibit. An effort will be made under existing laws to suppress this evil, though it is not certain that they will be found adequate.

Fraudulent Naturalization Papers.

The vacation by judicial decrees of fraudulent certificates of naturalization upon bills in equity filed by the attorney general in the circuit court of the United States, is a new application of a familiar equity jurisdiction. Nearly 100 such decrees have been taken during the year the evidence disclosing that a very large number of fraudulent certificates of naturalization have been issued. And in this connection I beg to renew my recommendation that the laws be so amended as to require a more full and searching inquiry into all the facts necessary to naturalization before any certificates are granted.

Improved Postal Facilities.

The report of the postmaster general shows the most gratifying progress in the important work committed to his direction. The business methods have been greatly improved. A large economy in expenditures and an increase of $4,750,000 in receipts have been realized. The deficiency this year is $5,786,300 against $6,350,183 last year notwithstanding the great enlargement of the service. Mail routes have been extended and quickened and greater accuracy and dispatch in distribution and delivery have been attained.

Suppression of Lotteries.

The passage of the act to amend certain sections of the "revised statutes relating to lotteries" has been received with great and deserved popular favor. The postoffice department and the department of justice at once entered upon the enforcement of the law with sympathetic vigor and already the public mails have been largely freed from the fraudulent and demoralizing appeals and literature emanating from the lottery companies.

New Vessels for the Navy.

The construction and equipment of new ships for the navy have made very satisfactory progress. Since March 4, 1889, nine new vessels have been put in commission and during this winter four more, including one monitor, will be added. The construction of other vessels authorized is being pushed both in the government and private yards with energy and watched with the utmost scrutiny. The experiments conducted during the year to test the relative resisting power of armor plates have been so valuable as to attract great attention in Europe. The only part of the work upon the new ships that is threatened by unusual delay is the armor plating and every effort is being made to reduce that to the minimum. Your favorable consideration is invited to the recommendations of the secretary.

Restoration of Public Lands.

The several acts of congress looking to the reduction of the larger Indian reservations to the more rapid settlement of Indians upon individual allotments and the restoration to the public domain of lands in excess of their needs, have been largely carried into effect so far as the work was confided to the executive. Agreements have been concluded since March 4, 1889, involving the cession to the United States of about 14,726,000 acres of land. Attention is also called to the fact that the appropriations made in the case of the Sioux Indians have not covered all the stipulated payments. This should be promptly corrected.

Relating to Land Patents.

The policy outlined in my last annual message in relation to the patenting of lands to settlers upon the public domain has been carried out in the administration of the land office. No general suspicion or imputation of fraud has been allowed to delay the hearing and adjudication of individual cases upon their merits. The purpose has been to perfect the title of honest settlers with such promptness that the value of the entry might not be swallowed up by the expense and extortions to which delay subjected the claimant. The average monthly issue of agricultural patents has been increased about 6,000.

Disability Pension Law.

The disability pension act which was approved on the 27th of June last has been put into operation as rapidly as was practicable. The examination and adjudication of claims have by reason of improved methods been more rapid than ever before. There is no economy to the government in delay while there is much hardship and injustice to the soldier. The anticipated expenditure while very large will not, it is believed, be in excess of the estimates made before the enactment of the law. The liberal enlargement of the general law should suggest a more careful scrutiny of bills for special relief both as to the cases where relief is granted and as to the amount allowed.

The increasing numbers and influence of the non-Mormon population in Utah are observed with satisfaction.

The admission of the states of Wyoming and Idaho to the Union are events full of interest and congratulation.

The Census Enumeration.

The enumeration of the population of the United States under the act of March, 1889, has been completed and the result will be at once officially communicated to congress. The completion of this decennial enumeration devolves upon congress the duty of making a new apportionment of representatives among the several states according to their respective numbers.

Public Buildings Bills Vetoed.

At the last session I had occasion to return with my objections several bills making provisions for the erection of public buildings, for the reason that the expenditures contemplated were in my opinion greatly in excess of any public need. No class of legislation is more liable to abuse, or to degenerate into an unseemly scramble about the public treasury than this. There should be exercised in this matter wise economy based upon some responsible and impartial examination and report as to each case under a general law.

Department of Agriculture.

The report of the secretary of agriculture deserves special attention in view of the fact that the year has been marked in a very unusual degree by agitation and organization among the farmers looking to an increase of profits in their business.

A very substantial improvement in the market prices of the leading farm products during the year is noticed.

The efforts of the secretary to establish the healthfulness of our meats against the disparaging imputations that have been put upon them abroad have resulted in substantial progress. Veterinary surgeons sent out by the department are now allowed to participate in the inspection of live cattle from this country landed at the English docks and during the several months they have been on duty no case of contagious pleuro-pneumonia has been reported.

The Beet Sugar Industry.

The information given by the secretary of the progress and prospects of the beet sugar industry is full of interest. It has already passed the experimental stage and is a commercial success. The area over which the sugar beet can be successfully cultivated is very large and another field crop of great value is offered to the choice of the farmer.

The secretary of the treasury concurs in the recommendation of the secretary of agriculture that the official supervision provided by the tariff law for sugar of domestic production shall be transferred to the department of agriculture.

Civil Service Reform.

The law relating to the civil service has so far as I can learn been executed by those having the power of appointment in the classified service with fidelity and impartiality, and the service has been increasingly satisfactory.

I congratulate the congress and the country upon the passage at the first session of the Fifty-first congress of an unusual number of laws of very high importance. Some of these measures were enacted at so late a period that the beneficial effects upon commerce which were in contemplation of congress have as yet but partially manifested themselves.

Improvement in General Trade.

The general trade and industrial conditions throughout the country during the year have shown a marked improvement. For many years prior to 1888 the merchandise balance of foreign trade had been largely in our favor, and during that year and the year following they turned against us. It is very gratifying to know that the last fiscal year again shows a balance in our favor of over $68,000,000. The general testimony is that labor is everywhere fully employed, and the reports for the last year show a smaller number of employes affected by strikes and lockouts than in any year since 1884. The depression in the prices of agricultural products has been greatly relieved and a buoyant and hopeful tone was beginning to be felt by all our people.

The Foreign Monetary Agitation.

These promising influences have been in some degree checked by the surprising and very unfavorable monetary events which have recently taken place in England. It is gratifying to know that these did not grow in any degree out of the financial relations of London with our people or out of any discredit attached to our securities held in that market. We could not, however, wholly escape the ill effects of a foreign monetary agitation accompanied by such extraordinary incidents as characterized this. It is not believed, however, that these evil incidents can long withstand the strong, safe and wholesome influences which are operating to give to our people profitable returns in all branches of legitimate trade and industry. The apprehension that our tariff may again and at once be subjected to important general changes would undoubtedly add a depressing influence of the most serious character.

Review of the Tariff Law.

The general tariff act has only partially gone into operation, some of its important provisions being limited to take effect at dates yet in the future. The general provisions of the law have been in force less than sixty days. Its permanent effects upon trade and prices still largely stand in conjecture. It is curious to note that the advance in the prices of articles wholly unaffected by the tariff act was by many hastily ascribed to that act. Notice was not taken of the fact that the general tendency of markets was upward from influences wholly apart from the recent tariff legislation. The enlargement of our currency by the silver bill undoubtedly gave an upward tendency to trade and had a marked effect on prices, but this natural and desired effect of the silver legislation was by many erroneously attributed to the tariff act.

There is neither wisdom or justice in the suggestion that the subject of tariff revision shall again be opened before this law has had a fair trial. It is quite true that every tariff schedule is subject to objections. No bill was ever framed, I suppose, that in all of its rates and classifications had the full approval even of a party caucus. Such legislation is always and necessarily the product of compromise as to details, and the present law is no exception. But in its general scope and effect I think it will justify the support of those who believe that American legislation should conserve and defend American trade and the wages of American workmen.

Increased Imports at New York.

The misinformation as to the terms of the act which has been so widely disseminated at home and abroad will be corrected by experience and the evil auguries as to its results confounded by the general prosperity of our people. Already we begin to hear from abroad and from our custom houses that the prohibitory effect upon importations imputed to the act is not justified. The imports at the port of New York for the first three weeks of November were nearly 8 per cent greater than for the same period in 1889 and 29 per cent. greater than in the same period of 1888. And so far from being an act to limit exports I confidently believe that under it we shall secure a larger and more profitable participation in foreign trade than we have ever enjoyed, and that we shall recover a proportionate participation in the ocean carrying trade of the world.

Adverse Foreign Criticism.

The criticisms of the bill that have come to us from foreign sources may well be rejected for repugnancy. If these critics really believe that the adoption by us of a free trade policy or of tariff rates having reference solely to revenue would diminish the participation of their own countries in the commerce of the world, their advocacy and promotion by speech and other forms of organized effort of this movement among our people is a rare exhibition of unselfishness in trade. And on the other hand, if they sincerely believe that the adoption of a protective tariff by this country inures to their profit and our hurt, it is noticeably strange that they should lead the outcry against the authors of a policy so helpful to their countrymen, and crown with their favor those who would snatch from them a substantial share of a trade with other lands already inadequate to their necessities.

To Protect American Labor.

There is no disposition among any of our people to promote prohibitory or retaliatory legislation. Our policies are adopted, not to the hurt of others, but to secure for ourselves those advantages that fairly grow out of our favorite position as a nation. Our form of government, with its incident of universal suffrage, makes it imperative that we shall save our working people from the agitations and distresses which scant work and wages that have no margin for comfort always beget. But after all this is done it will be found that our markets are open to friendly commercial exchanges of enormous value to the other great powers.

From the time of my induction into office the duty of using every power and influence given by law to the executive department for the development of larger markets for our products, especially our farm products, has been kept constantly in mind, and no effort has or will be spared to promote that end. We are under no disadvantage in any foreign market except that we pay our workmen and workwomen better wages than are paid elsewhere—better abstractly, better relatively to the cost of necessaries of life. I do not doubt that a very largely increased foreign trade is accessible to us without bartering for it either our home market for such products as our own people can supply, or the wages of our working people.

The Reciprocity Clause.

The reciprocity clause of the tariff act wisely and effectively opens the way to secure a large reciprocal trade in exchange for the free admission to our ports of certain products. The state of the revenues was such that we could dispense [illegible] import duties upon coffee, tea, hides [illegible] the lower grades of sugar and [illegible] That the large advantage resulting [illegible] countries producing and exporting [illegible] articles by placing them on the free [illegible] entitled us to expect a fair return [illegible] way of customs concessions upon [illegible] exported by us to them, was so [illegible] that to have gratuitously abandoned [illegible] opportunity to enlarge our trade w[illegible] have been an unpardonable error.

There were but two methods of [illegible]taining control of this question [illegible] congress; to place all of these articles upon the dutiable list, subject to such treaty of agreements as could be secured, or to place them as at present upon the free list, subject to the reimposition of specified duties if the countries from which we received them should refuse to give us suitable reciprocal benefits. This latter method, I think, possesses great advantages. It expresses in advance the consent of congress to reciprocity arrangements affecting these products which must otherwise have been delayed and unascertained until each treaty was ratified by the senate and the necessary legislation enacted by congress.

Important Bills Pending.

In addition to the important bills that became laws before the adjournment of the last session other bills of the highest importance were well advanced toward a final vote and now stand upon the calendars of the two houses in favored positions. The present session has a fixed limit and if these measures are not now brought to a final vote all the work that has been done upon them by this congress is lost. The proper consideration of these, of an apportionment bill and of the annual appropriation bills will require not only that no working day of the session shall be lost, but that measures of mere and local interest shall not be allowed to interrupt or retard the progress of those that are of universal interest.

To Develop American Steamship Lines.

I desire to repeat with added urgency the recommendations contained in the last annual message in relation to the development of American steamship lines. The reciprocity clause of the tariff bill will be largely limited and its benefits retarded and diminished if provision is not contemporaneously made to encourage the establishment of first class steam communication between our ports, and the ports of such nations as may meet our overtures for enlarged commercial exchanges.

International American Banks.

I had occasion in May last to transmit to congress a report adopted by the international American conference upon the subject of incorporation of an international American bank with a view to facilitating money exchanges between the states represented in that conference. Such an institution would greatly promote the trade we are seeking to develop. I renew the recommendation that a careful and well guarded charter be granted.

I earnestly renew my recommendation that the salaries of the judges of the United States district courts be so readjusted that none of them shall receive less than $5,000 per annum.

National Bankrupt Law.

The enactment of a national bankrupt law I still regard as very desirable. The constitution having given to congress jurisdiction on this subject, it should be exercised and uniform rules provided for the administration of the affairs of insolvent debtors. I also renew my recommendation in favor of legislation affording just copyright protection to foreign authors on a footing of reciprocal advantage for our authors abroad. It may still be possible for this congress to inaugurate by suitable legislation a movement looking to uniformity and increased safety in the use of couplers and brakes upon freight trains engaged in interstate commerce. The purpose should be to secure the cooperation of all well-disposed [illegible] fact that every year's delay involves the sacrifice of 2,000 lives and the maiming of 20,000 young men should plead both with congress and the managers against any needless delay.

A Postal Telegraph System.

The use of the telegraph by the postoffice as a means of the rapid transmission of written communications is, I believe, upon proper terms quite desirable. The government does not own or operate the railroads and it should not, I think, own or operate the telegraph lines. It does, however, seem to be quite practicable for the government to contract with the railroad companies to carry at specified rates such communications as the senders may designate for this method of transmission. I recommend such legislation as will enable the postoffice department fairly to test by experiment the advantages of such a use of the telegraph.

The Federal Election Law.

In my last annual message I suggested that the development of existing law providing a federal supervision of congressional elections offered an effective method of reforming the abuses. The need of such a law has manifested itself in many parts of the country and its wholesome restraints and penalties will be useful in all. The constitutionality of such legislation has been affirmed by the supreme court. Its probable effectiveness is evidenced by the character of the opposition that is made to it. It has been denounced as if it were a new exercise of federal power and an invasion of the rights of states. Nothing could be further from the truth. Congress has already fixed the time for the election of members of congress; it has provided for the appointment by the circuit courts in certain cases of election supervisors, and made it their duty to supervise the registration of voters, to challenge persons [illegible] register, to personally inspect and scrutinize the registry lists and to perform various other functions.

The Present Law Defects.

It is not therefore a question whether we shall have a federal election law, for we now have one, and have had for nearly twenty years, but whether we shall have an effective law. The present law stops just short of effectiveness, for it surrenders to the local authorities all control over the certification which establishes the prima facie right to a seat in the house of representatives. This defect should be cured. Equality of representation and the purity of the elections must be maintained or everything that is valuable in our system of government is lost. The path of the elector to the ballot box must be free from the ambush of fear and the enticements of fraud; the count so true and open that none shall gainsay it. But it is said that this legislation will revive race animosities, and some have even suggested that when the peaceful methods of fraud are made impossible they may be supplanted by intimidation and violence. If the proposed law gives to any qualified elector by a hair's weight more than his equal influence or detracts by so much from any other qualified elector it is fatally impeached. No choice is left to me but to enforce with vigor all laws intended to secure to the citizen his constitutional rights and to recommend that the inadequacies of such laws be promptly remedied.

Appropriations Should be Adequate.

The preparation of general appropriation bills should be conducted with the greatest care and the closest scrutiny of expenditures. Appropriations should be adequate to the needs of the public service, but they should be absolutely free from prodigality.

I venture to remind you that the brief time remaining for the consideration of important legislation now awaiting your attention offers no margin for waste. If the present duty is discharged with diligence, fidelity and courage, the work of the Fifty-first congress may be confidently submitted to the considerate judgment of the people.

BENJAMIN HARRISON.

Executive Mansion, Dec. 1, 1890.

—A Single trial of Dr. Henry Baxter's Mandrake Bitters will convince any one troubled with costiveness, torpid liver or any kindred diseases of their curative properties. They only cost 25 cents per bottle. For sale by H. L. McCoy and A. R. Armstrong, Smethport.

NOTICE TO SUB[illegible]

The label on your paper shows when it is paid.

If you want the address changed give the old address as well as the new.

If you want your paper [illegible] the office or not.

If you do not get the paper [illegible] and the trouble is with [illegible] served.

☞ Remember that for [illegible] the MINER and Philadelphia [illegible] PRESS one year.

McKean County Miner

[illegible] EVERY FRIDAY.

[illegible]

[illegible] Dec [illegible] 1890

[illegible] Senator [illegible] chairmanship [illegible] National Committee [illegible] 1888.

[illegible] Mr. [illegible] the truth [illegible] should have [illegible] thoroughly [illegible] — *[illegible]*

[illegible] will [illegible] Republican [illegible] Washington [illegible] Any other course [illegible] Republican [illegible] California [illegible] the party again.

[illegible]

"THE INFAMOUS FORCE BILL."

That is what the editor of the Democrat calls the bill which has passed the lower House of Congress, the object of which is to protect the freemen of this country in the discharge of the most sacred duty of a citizen—the casting of a ballot, and to see that those ballots are counted as cast. The existence of the Democratic party of this country depends upon fraud. It could not live a year were it not the beneficiary of the most stupendous frauds that ever disgraced a civilized people. Therefore it is not strange that it should befriend and champion fraud and [illegible] which tend to suppress those great evils as "force bills." In this article we propose to show why this "force bill" is before the American Congress.

After the reconstruction of the Southern States through which the men who had for years been making every effort to destroy the government were restored to citizenship, there existed throughout the Gulf States a settled determination to suppress the Republican vote, composed pretty much entirely of colored men. A system of terrorism was inaugurated all through the black belt, which resulted in so completely suppressing the colored vote that since 1875 there has not been cast, excepting in isolated cases, a sufficient number worth computing. The isolated cases were those of independent Democrats running against the regular nominees when both candidates would work for the colored vote, or where a man like General Chalmers would brave the assassin's bullet and run in a Mississippi district, only to be counted out in the end by an army of tissue ballots and the villainous acts of election officers.

The infamy underlying this whole business is in the political power which it gives the white men of the black belt as against those of any other section of the United States. In the present Congress South Carolina is represented by seven men and their entire vote was only [illegible]. In the two New Hampshire districts there were 21,841 more votes cast than in the whole 7 districts of South Carolina. In either the 7th Kansas, the 4th Minnesota, or the 3d Nebraska districts there were more votes cast for Congressional candidates than the whole vote of South Carolina for its seven representatives. The five districts of Minnesota polled 261,780 votes for their members of Congress, while the whole ten districts of Georgia only polled 129,520 and the seven districts of Mississippi 111,642 votes. In the 2d and 6th districts of Georgia, where the blacks largely preponderate, there was no opposition, and in the 10th where there are 6,135 more colored voters than white, there were only 737 Republican votes cast. The three districts of Nebraska gave her members [illegible] votes while the eight Alabama members received only 172,330.

But why pursue these comparisons farther? The evidence is overwhelming that one man in the black belt of the Southern States, through Ku Klux Klan, the shot gun and tissue ballot agencies, is given equal power in framing the laws of the country and in declaring who shall administer its governmental affairs, with four and five men in the North. A more [illegible] on the citizens of any country and it is a matter of astonishment that it has been submitted to by the Republican party so long. The bill before Congress is to secure an honest ballot and a fair count and of course the Democrats yell "force bill." The South sees force in every measure touching their frauds just as they saw force in 1832 when Jackson threatened South Carolina and just as it felt force in 1861 and especially at Appomattox. The northern Democracy, as the ally of the Solid South, takes up this pat cry and attempts to impress the northern mind with the idea that there is something radically wrong in the election bill, something akin to bayonet rule, which the South has no taste for for reasons we have recorded. The fact is there is no element of force in the elections bill, not the slightest. The necessity for an election bill or a law [illegible] an honest count will appear from the following computation. According to the census of 1880 the following congressional districts South show a majority of colored people over the white and it is only fair to assume that there are some white Republicans in each of these districts.

This table was published in a recent issue of the Albany *Journal* in which the Democratic vote of the 50th Congress instead of the 51st is given.

Congressional District		[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Louisiana	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mississippi	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
South Carolina	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Mr (Ed Miner) well knows that before the committee on rules have made their report, and while the old rules were therefore still in force Speaker Reed persistently refused to entertain motions made by Democratic members that had always been entertained by his predecessors. He not only did this in defiance of the [illegible] and whenever it suited his partisan purpose he went farther and counted Democrats as voting when they declined to vote, in order that he might obtain a quorum to carry out some of his nefarious schemes.—*Democrat.*

We proceed to say that Speaker Reed did not refuse to entertain a single motion made by Democratic members which was intended to advance the business before the House. He did refuse to recognize members who were attempting to filibuster or make dilatory motions, and he ought to. The late ex-Speaker Randall did the same thing when he was in the chair, time and time again, and so have all the great Speakers who have presided over the House in times past. He did just right, also, in counting members who sat in their seats and refused to vote for the purpose of breaking a quorum. He thereby established a precedent which will be practised for all time.

FROM THE NATION'S CAPITOL.

From our own correspondent.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 1.—The two Houses of Congress convened at noon today, but the work accomplished was necessarily only of a preliminary nature, with the exception of the reading of the President's message, which was promptly forthcoming, and which was well received. Everybody seemed to be in good spirits, even the Republicans; there was a quorum present in both Houses, and in fact the attendance was unusually large, indicating a desire to get to work promptly. Numerous floral tributes were scattered about the two chambers, and one or two roosters and other suggestive emblems on the Democratic side served to keep the memory alive. The two Senators from the infant state of Wyoming were sworn in and several new members took their seats in the House. The Senate now has before it the bill to remove the Revenue Marine Service to the Navy Department. The Republican caucus which will [illegible] be called within a few days will determine the progress to be looked for. This will no doubt include the passage of the House Bankruptcy bill without much delay. The House will have the two shipping bills passed by the Senate to dispose of, but the Apportionment bill will have right of way if the caucus see any prospect for it, and several victims of the gerrymander are advocating the interpolation of an anti-gerrymander clause into the bill. The Democrats will regard with suspicion any apportionment bill that Congress may advance, and they are sure to take an aggressive position if any partisan measures are pushed, though assurances are given that they will not obstruct business unless provoked hereto by the majority.

This is the season of annual reports and they are coming in rapidly. The Secretary of the Navy in his report speaks encouragingly of our progress in the art of naval and ordnance construction and says we have no longer to go to foreign [illegible] standards, but [illegible] attained standards of our own. In the twenty months of this Administration nine war vessels have been put in commission, while sixteen more are nearly ready and eleven others are in process of construction. Cruiser No. 12, now under construction in the Cramps, he says, will be absolutely without a parallel and able to keep pace with the swiftest Atlantic liner. The estimates for this year are [illegible].

Postmaster General Wanamaker in his report recurs with more enthusiasm than ever to his favorite scheme of a postal telegraph. He says the people deserve and are bound to have more responsive facilities than are now furnished by the postal service, and he recommends the adoption of pneumatic systems for transmitting [illegible] short distances in some cases. In regard to penny postage he speaks with favor and says that the first class mail matter now earns a profit of [illegible] a year, which is absorbed by the loss arising from the carriage of newspapers and other matter of the lower classes at non-remunerative rates.

The report of the Civil Service Commission shows that there are over [illegible] government employes amenable to the Civil Service law, and the Commission speak in the highest terms of the operation of the law, notwithstanding the attacks constantly made upon it. Only eight per cent of the incumbents holding over from the last Administration have been removed, which is so near the percentage of [illegible] for changes of partisan interference.

A call for [illegible] of notes of small denominations was received from New York by the Treasury Department a few days ago, which had to be refused on [illegible]. The Secretary of the Treasury is preparing to issue as rapidly as possible Treasury notes of the denominations of [illegible] to take the place of the [illegible] notes that have been paid out for silver bullion under the recent silver act, and this will tend to ease up the situation.

[illegible] Harrison placed himself between two fires when he wrote his Thanksgiving proclamation. Bob Ingersoll objects that the President of the United States has no business to interfere with the religious freedom of the people in this way, while on the other hand a preacher from the metropolis of Martin's Ferry, Ohio, bewails the fact that the President weakly and wickedly neglected to make mention of Christ in his proclamation. Surely we common people have one reason to congratulate ourselves that we are not the President.

Senator Cameron and Senator Quay were in town today. Senator Quay had nothing to say on the subject of politics and endeavored to divert attention by one of his famous fish stories, in which a shark and a tarpon weighing 150 pounds figured prominently. There is prevalent here a very kindly feeling toward Senator Cameron and wishes for his success in the approaching contest are very generally heard. While there is no use disguising the fact that he is not a great statesman, it is due him in frankness to say that he accomplishes in his quiet and businesslike way much that a more demonstrative man might not, for anyone who is familiar with work at the capitol knows that it is not the men who pass as orators that are, after all, most useful to the country as representatives of the people. G. D. M.

A PINCH OF NEWS FOR SOME FOLKS.

A meeting of Ohio capitalists was held in Cleveland on October 14th, for the purpose of organizing a company for the manufacture of tin plates. Mr J. L. Morris, who has been connected with former attempts to start this industry in the United States, gave a description of the first trial at the business. The *Leader and Herald* reported him as follows:

"At the time I commenced the manufacture," said Mr Morris, "there was no tariff upon tin plate. I made the first experiments in Pittsburgh. I bought a couple of tons of iron, and although it was 'scaled,' we made it up into very fair tin plate. The goods sold readily and I set about organizing a stock company. The town of Wellsville offered us the best terms, and we located there. I sold a trial order of three hundred boxes to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and the manager assured me that if the goods were satisfactory they would give us all their orders. They found our tin plate equal to the English, and we sold them other consignments at $11 a box. A short time afterward a large firm of importers asked the Company why they they had stopped buying tin plate of them, and the manager said 'The American Tin-Plate Company, of Wellsville, supplies all we want.' Word was immediately sent across to England, and within two weeks foreign tin plate was selling at $7 a box, and it continued to drop until it reached the price of $4.75. We could not stand the ruinous competition, and with the panic of 1873 and the labor troubles, the American Tin-Plate Company was soon a thing of the past. After the domestic tin plate was driven out of the market the foreign article immediately began to increase in price."

MR. CLEVELAND'S LAST BLUNDER.

Mr. Cleveland's reputation as a letter writer would be a more enviable one if he did not write so many.

He would also present a more dignified appearance if he had the courage to stand by what he writes.

The ex-President's Thanksgiving was sadly marred because a letter he wrote to Mr. Acers was by that gentleman given to the press.

In his letter Mr Cleveland scored Mr Ingalls and expressed a lively hope that he would be defeated. He said Mr Ingalls was a bad man, his particular wickedness being the way in which he fights the Democratic party.

When this letter appeared in print, Mr Cleveland was wroth. He accused Mr Acers of bad faith, and refused to be comforted.

Now comes Mr Acers and says: "There is something wrong about this interview, for in response to this telegram sent Mr Cleveland: 'May I use your letter to prevent the committal of Democrats in Kansas?' the following dispatch was received at my office, directed to me and signed Grover Cleveland: 'Common decency demands the defeat of Ingalls.' Of course I accepted this telegraph as a consenting response to my request, and meeting a reporter soon thereafter submitted myself to an interview which seems to have put more fire under the bubbling caldron of politics.

Mr Cleveland ought to hire Dan Lamont to edit his correspondence as of yore.—*Pittsburgh Chronicle Telegraph.*

LITERARY NOTES.

The number of *Harper's Weekly* issued on December 23 will contain an article on "The New Indian Messiah" by Lieutenant Marion P. Maus. [illegible] of General Miles. It will be illustrated by a double-page picture of "The Ghost Dance," drawn by Frederic Remington, who also contributes pictorial and literary sketches in regard to the concentration of troops at the Indian Agencies, drawn from his personal observation and experience.

THE OLD AND NEW JAPANS.

There are two Japans. One commenced its national life, so says mythical history, six hundred and sixty years before our era, with the accession of the Emperor Jimmu Tenno. The other, everybody knows, came into existence about twenty three years ago in the first of Meiji. Neither of them can be ever at all completely understood even by the most intelligent and indefatigable foreign observer. You ought certainly to have been born under one of the great Shogunates, the last of which fell amid battle and revolution in A. D. 1868, to comprehend in any intimate way ancient Japan, and you should be native bred, a living part of the present brand new order of things, to have a reasonable chance of feeling as this people feels and looks upon the outer and inner world with their eyes. Let nobody, therefore—least of all a mere traveller—venture to theorize too boldly about Japan and the Japanese.

From "Japonica—First Paper," by Sir Edwin Arnold, in December *Scribner.*

NO MENACE FROM CHINA.

President Martin, of the Royal College China, in December Forum.

The Chinese, like the French, are too much attached to their own country to seek to establish themselves in colonies abroad. If the aim of Chinese emigrants were to make a home in foreign lands, they would contrive to take their women with them. Their only idea of home life is connected with the land of their fathers. Thither they intend to return when they acquire the means of living, and thither their bones are always carried when they die beyond the seas. This peculiarity, if taken alone, is enough to avert from any part of our Western world the danger of being swamped. The first Chinese arrived at San Francisco shortly after the discovery of gold in 1849. California pioneers tell how they were feasted at a public banquet and how the mayor, in a formal address, bid them tell their countrymen to follow. Since that date the population of our country has grown from 21,000,000 to 63,000,000, and while Europe has given us many millions, China has contributed the paltry contingent of [illegible], scarcely enough to people a third class city. In view of all these facts, where is the ground of alarm? what call is there for prohibitory legislation that tramples on the faith of treaties and wounds the dignity of a friendly power?

THE LAND OF THE PINE AND THE PALM.

California is the land of the Pine and the Palm. The tree of the Sierras, native, vigorous, gigantic, and the tree of the Desert, exotic, supple, poetic, both flourish within the nine degrees of latitude. These two, the widely separated lovers of Heine's song, symbolize the capacities of the State, and although the sugar pine is indigenous, and the date palm, which will never be more than an ornament in this hospitable soil, was planted by Franciscan fathers, who established a chain of missions from San Diego to Monterey over a century ago, they should both be the distinction of one commonwealth, which, in its seven hundred miles of indented sea coast, can boast the climates of all countries and the products of all zones.

If this State of mountains and valleys were divided by an east and west line, following the general course of the Sierra Madre range and cutting off the eight lower counties, I suppose there would be conceit enough in either section to maintain that it only is the Paradise of the earth, but both are necessary to make the unique and contradictory California which fascinates and bewilders the traveller. He is told that the inhabitants of San Francisco go away from the drought of the Golden Gate in the summer to get warm, and yet carloads of luscious cherries and apricots which he finds in the far south market of San Diego come from the northern Santa Clara Valley. The truth would seem to be that in an hour's ride in any part of the State one can change his climate totally at any time of the year, and this not merely by changing his elevation, but by getting in or out of the range of the sea or the desert currents of air which follow the valleys.—From "The Winter of our Content," by Charles Dudley Warner, in *Harper's Magazine* for December.

At this season of the year when malaria lurks in the air, and bad colds are not an unfrequent visitor, we long for a quick and effective remedy. There is scarcely a home without a sufferer from some one of the many ills flesh is heir to. A stimulant is after the intermediator. It brings relief. It is quick and effective. It saves doctor bills. We can recommend Mr Max Klein for anything in the line. His Silver Age Rye at $1.50 per quart is the best whisky in the market. He will sell any Pennsylvania Rye Whisky, six years old, at $1.00 for each quart, or six for $5.00. Send for his price list and catalogue and mention this paper. Address

MAX KLEIN,

82 Federal Street, Allegheny, Pa.

If Sufferers from Consumption,

Coughs and Colds will try Pan-Tina Cough and Consumption Cure, they will find quick relief and permanent benefit. The medical profession declare it a remedy of the highest value. Try it. Price 25 and 50 cents. Trial bottles free.

A large proportion of the diseases which cause human suffering result from derangement of the Stomach, Bowels and Liver. Dr. Lee's Liver Regulator removes all these troubles.

Trial bottles free at Frank R. Foster's Drug Store.

To Visit California and the Far West the Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

Possibly no new feature ever inaugurated by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company has attracted such universal comment and attention as the series of tours it has announced, to be run early in 1891 to the far Pacific Coast. Each tour will be limited to one hundred passengers, who will travel in a Pullman vestibule train, furnished with the luxurious appointments of the richest home, with ladies' maid, stenographer and typewriter, library, bath and barber, and smoking and library rooms, and an observation car—in truth an exact reproduction of the famous Pennsylvania New York Limited. The first tour leaves New York February 7th, and speeds directly to the scene of the famous Mardi Gras at New Orleans, and then out to Southern California and directly north to San Francisco, where the unrestricted liberty of three whole weeks is allowed, after which they join the special train for their homeward-bound trip via Salt Lake City, Colorado Springs, Denver, Omaha, and Chicago.

In the selection of its Tourist Agents and Chaperons this company has chosen them with a special view to their fitness and whatever tends to the tourist's comfort or interest is assured by their presence. No such opportunity has ever before been presented to the people of the East of thoroughly seeing the vast domain of the country they so valiantly boast of and at such a beautiful season of the year. The rate for the round trip of this first tour is but [illegible], which includes not only all necessary traveling expenses to San Francisco and return, but side trips to the most attractive resorts in California, to the en route, and several carriage and stage rides of interest.

Names are now being registered for each of the tours, and applications for Pullman accommodations and itineraries should be made to Mr Geo. W. Boyd, Assistant General Passenger Agent, 233 South Fourth Street, Philadelphia.

It is dangerous to neglect catarrh, for it leads to bronchitis and consumption. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures catarrh in all forms.

A Great Battle

Is constantly going on in the human system when you suffer with Consumption, Coughs or Colds that strive to ruin you and drag victims to the grave. Take timely warning and use Pan Tina, Cough and Consumption Cure. Price 25 and 50 cents.

Dr. Lee's Liver Regulator is a sure cure for Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Heart Burn, Indigestion, and all Kidney Complaints.

Trial bottles free at Frank R. Foster's Drug Store.

A GREAT AMERICAN MAGAZINE.

The Success of "The Century" and Its Plans for 1891

The Century Magazine is now so well-known that to tell of its past success seems almost an old story. The New York *Tribune* has said that it and its companion, *St. Nicholas for Young Folks*, is used by the whole house, are read by every one person in thirty of the country's population—and large editions of both are sent beyond the seas. It is an interesting fact that a few years ago it was found that seven thousand copies of *The Century* went to Scotland—quite a respectable edition in itself. The question in England is no longer "Who reads an American book?" but "Who does not see the American magazines?"

A few years ago *The Century* about doubled its circulation with the famous War Papers by General Grant and others, adding many more readers later with the Lincoln History and Kennan's thrilling articles on the Siberian Exile System. One great feature of 1891 is to be

"THE GOLD HUNTERS OF CALIFORNIA,"

describing that remarkable movement to the gold fields in '49, in a series of richly illustrated articles written by survivors, including the narratives of men who went to California by the different routes, accounts of the gold discoveries, life in the mines, the work of the vigilance committees (by the chairman of the committees), etc., etc. General Fremont's last writing was done for this series. In November appears the opening article, "The First Emigrant Train to California,"—crossing the Rockies in 1841,—by General Bidwell, a pioneer of pioneers. Thousands of American families who had some relative or friend among "the Argonauts of '49" will be interested in these papers.

MANY OTHER GOOD THINGS ARE COMING—the narrative of an American's travels through that unknown land Tibet (for 700 miles over ground never before [illegible]), the experiences of escaping War Prisoners, American Newspapers described by well-known journalists, accounts of the great Indian Fighters, Custer and others, personal anecdotes of Lincoln by his private secretaries, "The Faith Doctor," a novel by Edward Eggleston, with a wonderfully rich programme of novelettes and stories by most of the leading writers, etc., etc.

It is also announced that *The Century* has purchased the right to print, before its appearance in France or any other country, extracts from advance sheets of the famous Talleyrand Memoirs, which have been secretly preserved for half a century—to be first given to the world through the pages of an American magazine. All Europe is eagerly awaiting the publication of this personal history of Talleyrand—greatest of intriguers and diplomats.

The November *Century* begins the volume, and new subscribers should commence with that issue. The subscription price, $4.00, may be remitted directly to the publishers, The Century Co., 33 East 17th St., New York, or a subscription may be purchased of any newsdealer. The publishers offer to send a free sample copy—a recent back number—to any one desiring it.

Estray Notice.

CAME TO MY PREMISES ON OR ABOUT October 15, 1890, two yearling heifers, one a dark red with a white spot on one of the fore legs, the other a red mixed with white. The owner can have the same by proving property and paying all charges. Call at my premises at Campbelltown, one mile west of Mt. Jewett.

S. A. HOGANSEN

Mt. Jewett Pa. Dec 1 1890—2t.

Notice.

AND NOW, NOVEMBER 12, 1890, IT IS ordered that the second week of the regular June term of the several courts of McKean county be and the same is hereby abolished so that hereafter until further order the regular June term of said courts shall consist of one week commencing on the first Monday of June of each and every year.

PER CURIAM

Attest J. M. McElroy, Prothonotary. [illegible]

Confidence is a plant of slow growth says Webster.

In the Jewelry and Diamond business the above is the most applicable, having been before you as a leader for the past 15 years in our specialties.

Every holiday has found us supplying your wants and tastes.

New departure this season. Goods marked in plain figures. Owing to the low price of oil, we have decided to give a special discount of per 10 cent on all goods, (Diamonds excepted) until Jan. 1 '91. This is an opportunity of a life time to buy goods in our line.

An aggregation of goods surpassing all our previous efforts.

We are leaders in our line.

We are inspectors of watches for two of the largest railroads running in our city.

Come and see the live—the progressive Jewelers.

STEWART & CO.,
Cor Main and Kennedy St.,
BRADFORD, PA

BOB SLEDS!

Don't make a purchase until you have examined my stock and prices. They are superior in material and workmanship, and prices very low.

I make a specialty of

HORSESHOEING,

and am prepared to do repairing of all kinds. Wagon and Blacksmith shop on Water street.

WM. MASSER.

How gratifying to hear the people say as they enter the door of

M'COYS DRUG STORE,

Odd Fellow's Hall Block,

"Why, what a splendid stock of

Christmas Goods!

surely old Santa Claus can be supplied with

"ANYTHING THE HEART DESIRES."

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

FURNITURE

Established, 1836.

BUY OF THE MAKER

We box ship and pay freight on all out of town orders.

We're ready for Christmas buyers. In a business experience of over half a century we've never had such a collection of elegant and useful articles—the present showing discounting all former efforts. Six large warerooms filled to overflowing with the richest and rarest of furniture, fashioned by men who know wood and work to a nicety, men of original ideas—the designers in our own factory. And prices are right. The general trend of values is here shown.

Antique Oak tables, French designs, (something new)	$4.00
Same in White and Gold	6.00
Ladies' Writing Desk Antique or 16th Century finished	$10.50 to $25.00
Easels Bamboo	1.00 to 5.00
Easels Antique Oak	[illegible] to 8.5
White and Gold Chairs	3.50 to 10.00
Plush Rockers, 200 patterns	3.40 to 15.00
Patent Rockers in Plush	3.00 to 15.00
Sideboards, all woods	1.00 to 75.00
Book Cases, all woods	5.00 to 10.00
Bedroom Suites	17.50 to 100.00
Rattan Rockers	2.50 to 12.00
Foot Rests	5.00 to 9.00
Pier Glasses	15.00 to 35.00
Hanging Cabinets	5.00 to 15.00
Shaving Stands	12.00 to 30.00
Gentlemen's Smoking Chairs	9.00 to 17.50
Easy Chairs	5.00 to 16.00
Parlor Tables (all woods)	1.25 to 15.00
Music Cabinets	7.00 to 12.00

So much must represent the hundreds of pieces—mostly novelties that have been making for months past in probation for this holiday time. You may search the mammoth furniture emporiums the country over and fail to find the equal of our present collection.

Good workmanship is its trademark, good style and good value its conspicuous features. We work for other than present profit—for the good will that means permanent custom and future business.

For out-of-town shoppers we've prepared a Christmas catalogue to be mailed free to any address. It helps the knowledge of this largest store and advances the interests of our mail order department. It virtually places us next door to you, affording to country people the same buying facilities enjoyed by city residence. Don't you want to know more about it?

The catalogue is for you. Send for it.

HERSEE & CO.,
247-255 Ellicott St., Buffalo, N. Y.
Two blocks from Main.
MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

RUPTURE cure guaranteed by Dr. J. B. Mayer, 831 Arch St., Phila, Pa. Ease at once, no operation or business delay. Thousands cured. Send for Circular. No. 2812.

B. H. & Co.

CASH AND ONE PRICE.

BUFFALO, Dec 3, '90

Cloaks.

Most of the stylish cloaks that you see were bought at Barnes, Hengerer & Co's. Ask the wearer if you are in doubt about it.

Make a tour of all the sizeable cloak-selling houses in Buffalo. See what they have. Then come here and you will see more and better styles than in all the other places combined. That you will find cheaper prices is understood. For instance,—

Ladies' New Markets worth $5.00 to $8.00. Price to close this lot $2.75.

Jackets selling from $10.00 to $18.00. Placed on sale Monday at $7.75 to close.

A few Jersey Jackets at $2.35.

Misses New Markets at $4.25, worth $6.00.

Sealskin garments are at old prices. In other words, 60 to 75 per cent below ruling market values.

Sealskin capes
Astrachan capes
Wool Seal capes
Mink capes
Persian Lamb capes
All other Fur capes

at less than present cost of getting up.

Never such reason for shopping by mail as now, never such money to be saved. It's coming holiday time, and those who've never tried it can send a postal card for samples and prices of anything they happen to need. The answer 'll come by return mail.

Letters are coming many score a day to prove the practicability of our mail order system.

BARNES, HENGERER & CO

Nothing On Earth Will

MAKE HENS LAY

LIKE

Sheridan's Condition Powder!

It is absolutely pure. Highly concentrated. In quantity it costs less than a tenth of a cent a day. Strictly a medicine. Prevents and cures all diseases. Good for young chicks. Worth more than gold when hens moult. "One large can saved me $40; send six for $5 to prevent roup," says a customer. If you can't get it send us 50 cents for two packs; five $1. A 2¼-pound can $1.20 post-paid; 6 cans $5, express paid. "THE BEST POULTRY PAPER," sample copy free. Poultry Raising Guide free with $1 orders or more. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

C. A. BURDICK,

General Insurance Agency,

SMETHPORT, PA.

The following first-class companies represented:

North America, Philadelphia	$9,000,000
Franklin, Philadelphia	[illegible]
Pennsylvania Fire, Philadelphia	3,000,000
County, Philadelphia	[illegible]
Hanover, New York	2,479,654
Sun, Fire, London, U. S. Branch	2,500,000
Royal, London	5,466,735
Commercial Union, London	2,710,000

LIFE INSURANCE.

Mutual Life, New York	$140,000,000
Travelers' Accident, Hartford	11,217,849

Also agency for the sale of first-class

Pianos, Organs

—AND—

SEWING MACHINES.

All sold for cash or on installments.

Orders by mail promptly attended to and correspondence solicited.

W. B. WEAVER. [illegible] L. EMERY, JR.

L. EMERY, JR., & CO.

THE GREAT SUPPLY HOUSE!

41, 43 and 45 Main St., Bradford, Pa.

HOLIDAY DEPARTMENT.

A complete and varied assortment of goods are now presented to the public for their consideration, adapted to the holiday trade. Never has such a stock been exhibited in this city. New and unique designs for the Parlor, Cabinet, Mantel and Dining Room.

Rich and Rare Vases
for the hall, table and mantel in Oriental China, Royal Copper, Silver and Gold and Royal Black.

Mexican Onyx Tables
in Brass, Copper, Silver and Iron.

Piano and Banquet Lamps
In Black Wrought Iron Brass, Silver and Royal Copper, and all equipped with the famous Rochester Burner. London and Paris Lamp Shades in Satin and Lace.

Solid Silver and Gold Ware
in all designs for the table and boudoir. The largest selection of Cut Glass ever shown.

Imported French China,
Royal Worcester, Doulton, Dresden and many other makes.

Dolls and Toys for the Children.

White Haviland China for Decorating.

Watches, Diamonds and Jewelry,
Opera Glasses, Eye Glasses and Spectacles. Lots of new things.

EMERY & WEAVER,

BRADFORD, PA.

TELEPHONE CONNECTION.

H. W. RUBIN & CO.,

THE LEADING

CLOTHIERS,

SMETHPORT, PA.

CUSTOM CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

Fine suitings, Overcoatings, Pantaloonings and Vestings. The finest line in this section of the country.

READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

A Full and Complete Line. Prices to correspond with the times, and satisfaction guaranteed in every case.

A FULL LINE OF BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING.

The latest novelties and finest stock of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
MEN'S BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS AND CAPS, &c., &c.

H. W. RUBIN & CO.

—AT—

THE GREEN GROCERY

YOU WILL FIND

Lettuce, Asparagus, Onions, Etc. All kinds Of Fruit in Season.

MY GENERAL STOCK EMBRACES

Everything in the line of Gents' Hemstitched Linen Handkerchiefs, Silk Handkerchiefs too numerous to mention, Mufflers, Collars and Cuffs, and the largest line of Neckwear to be found in the city. I am headquarters for

TOBACCO AND CIGARS,

Cigar Holders, Cigar Cases, Cigarette Cases, Match Safes, in fact everything in the Smokers' line. And don't you forget when you are looking for some fine

CONFECTIONERY

I can show you, at all times, as complete an assortment as you will find in any town of this size. Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Nuts and Farinaceous Good

GOODS AND PRICES TO SUIT ALL.

GEO. A. BACKUS.

Opposite Court House, Main Street, Smethport.

V. KLAPPENBACH,

MERCHANT TAILOR.

Cor. King and Church Sts., Smethport,

Keeps an assortment of English and French goods on hand from which to select. Suits will be made up in the latest and most approved styles, and entire

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

The McKean County Miner
Smethport, Pa., Dec. 5, 1890.

AL AND GENERAL.

Settling Down.

[illegible]

—New York Ledger.

[illegible] court next week.

[illegible] the home stretch.

[illegible] of Gettysburg to-night.

[illegible] high revel on Wed[illegible]

[illegible] has 1,000 permanent Italian [illegible]

[illegible] who threw [illegible]

[illegible] N. Y., expects to have a $300,000 [illegible] temple.

[illegible] schools of this state cost [illegible] last year.

Always stand up for your own town's institutions.

[illegible] at $1.00 per [illegible] in Smethport.

[illegible] output of coal in this [illegible] 177 tons.

[illegible] do not fail to read Mrs. Nash's [illegible] in this issue.

A Scranton woman, aged 70 years, [illegible] her road tax every year.

[illegible] snow shovels were in demand on [illegible] and Thursday of this week.

[illegible] Tioga county woman [illegible] birth to her 25th child.

A [illegible]burgh youth has been arrested [illegible] stealing a piano from his mother.

[illegible] Emery & Weaver make their holiday announcement in this week's Miner.

[illegible] Stickney, Bell & Co.'s December [illegible] of low prices, in another column.

[illegible] Thanksgiving services at our [illegible] very appropriate and well [illegible]

[illegible] time table of the Coudersport & Port Allegany Railroad changes [illegible]

[illegible] that Prof. Koch's researches [illegible] cure for diphtheria, have [illegible] advanced stage.

The Schuylkill Press Association has [illegible] the printing of stamped envelopes by the government.

The regular monthly meeting and [illegible] of officers of Smethport [illegible] Company No. 1 occurs to-night.

[illegible] suppose for a moment that [illegible] by nature with chump [illegible] with a peck of [illegible]

John Rooney has moved into his new building and now has one of the neatest [illegible] meat markets in this [illegible]

We are requested to give notice that [illegible] in regard to the clearing of [illegible] will be [illegible]

A rare opportunity is offered to purchase [illegible] jewelry by Stewart [illegible] of Bradford. See their advertisement in [illegible] column.

[illegible] of the McKean County [illegible] to-morrow [illegible] of the proceedings will be published in the Miner next week.

Clark and Frank Baker have each bought a lot on Lower Main street, on which they will build at once. The for[illegible] ground broken.

By reference to the time table of the [illegible] it will be seen that [illegible] train going south, leaving Smethport [illegible] has been put on.

The State Line Railroad Company with a capital of $12,000 has been granted a charter. The road will be only two [illegible] in length, all in Potter county.

Our merchants are exhibiting fine lines of holiday goods. An inspection will convince our people that there is no need of going out of town to make a selection.

—An encampment of Odd Fellows was organized at Eldred last week. Prominent members of the order from Smethport, Bradford, Olean and other places were present.

The depot at Kendall creek was burglarized on Saturday night last. The mail pouch, which was left in the depot, was rifled and all the letters opened, but no booty was secured.

The special meetings in the Baptist church will continue during next week. Rev. J. R. Hyde will be present Monday and Tuesday evenings. Announcements will be made for the latter part of the week.

The main building of the tannery of the Curtis-Maxwell Co., at Ludlow, was destroyed by fire on Monday of last week, entailing a loss of $30,000, which was partly covered by insurance. It will be rebuilt at once.

Sunday evening in the Baptist church will begin a month course of [illegible] Each sermon will be illustrated by large life size paintings. [illegible] next Sunday evening Dec. 7th "The Advent of Jesus."

[illegible] never smoke in the presence of a lady again." Tom—"Why [illegible] she didn't object?" Jack—"I was smoking while with a lady and [illegible] rings. She slipped her [illegible] one and considered herself [illegible]"—Munsey's Weekly.

The [illegible] of Gettysburg, which will be shown at the opera house to-night and to-morrow night is no cheap entertainment of the panoramic order, but a genuine art exhibition, and as such is well worth attending. The exhibition will be given under the auspices of Post 197 G. A. R.

—Mrs. Martha Sherman, accompanied by Mrs. Hubbard, inspected the Woman's Relief Corps of Smethport Tuesday afternoon. Mrs. Sherman has been actively engaged for some weeks in inspecting the various corps of McKean and Potter counties.—Era.

—Remember the band boys on Monday next. The musical entertainment on that evening will be worth listening to. On the following three evenings dancing will be in order and supper will be served. The booths and display of fancy articles will, it is said, be something grand.

—The "Edinboro Fever Lie," is what the Edinboro people call the report which has been pretty extensively circulated, that typhoid fever is and has been raging in that town and in the Normal School located there. There probably has been no more fever there than in any other town in this section of the State.

—Among the new men elected to the 52d congress will be "Jerry" Simpson, a Farmers' Alliance man from the 7th Kansas District. During his campaign he referred to Daniel Webster and his "Unabridged." A friend near him whispered "You mean Noah." "Not out," was Mr. Simpson's rejoinder; "it was the ark that he built."

—Miss A. M. Starweather, representing the Orphans' Home at Randolph, N. Y., visited Smethport the past week in the interest of the Home. Seventy children are now being cared for in that very meritorious institution and quite a percentage of them are from McKean county. There is no question that the Home is worthy of liberal support.

—The following story comes from Africa. On the west coast of that country has been discovered a bush the seeds of which yield a yellowish fat of a very agreeable nutty flavor which might be used as a substitute for butter, and contains no acids which cause it to become rancid. If the plant can be domesticated in this country no home will be complete without its butter bush.

An exchange truthfully remarks: "Of all the false accusations made against woman the most unmerited is that of being easily discouraged. If any one on this whirling globe is blessed with a tenacity of purpose that never lets go, it is the blessed being that wears bangs. When a woman starts out to put 20,000 pieces in a crazy quilt nothing but death, paralysis or color blindness can stop her."

—The hoped for snow has come and from present appearances has come to stay and the lumbermen are correspondingly happy. A large amount of logs is in the woods ready awaiting sufficient snow and the benefit which will accrue from a good run of sleighing to all branches of business can hardly be estimated. Already all is bustle and activity and some few loads of logs have been put into the mills of this place.

—The annual prospectus of the Harrisburg *Telegraph* will be found elsewhere in this paper. It will be seen that the premiums offered to subscribers are unusually valuable. The *Telegraph* is an excellent all year round paper but during the sessions of the Legislature it is of special importance to those interested in legislative proceedings. It is Republican to the back bone and is a good paper for Republicans to read.

—As was expected the ball given by Smethport Tent No. 9 K. O. T. M. at the opera house on Thursday night last, was a very pleasant and successful affair. About sixty couples were present among whom were a number of Sir Knights and ladies from out of town and all seemed to enjoy themselves. Prof. Mills orchestra furnished the music and mine host Frank Wright of the Wright House, the supper and it is needless to say both were highly satisfactory.

—Physicians say la grippe will probably return this winter. In fact has already made its appearance with renewed virulence. Pneumonia and kindred diseases have been more prevalent than usual for several months past. While there is no especial cause for alarm among persons who take good care of their health there is sufficient danger to make it advisable for every one to use all possible precautions at this season of the year against taking severe colds.

—Two more warnings for cigarette smokers. A young man at Hickory Grove, Susquehanna county has had his system poisoned by the effect of cigarette smoking. His throat has filled up and he has been unable to lie down for two weeks. His recovery is looked upon as improbable. A young man in Erie is dying from the same cause. His stomach refuses to perform its work and he is frightfully bloated. That's right boys, keep right on smoking the horrid things, never mind such warnings as the above.

—Among the flowers that adorned the altar at the St. Luke's church on Thanksgiving day, and which were from the greenhouse of Hon. Henry Hamlin, were two handsome bell flowers. These flowers of the genus *campanula* taking its name from the formation of its corolla, which is that of a small bell. Its color is a pure white and somewhat resembles a lily. It is very rare in this section, but is only one of the many beautiful, as well as rare ornamental plants and flowers which Judge Hamlin has got together.

—Two men whose names we did not learn, came into town on Sunday last, and after perambulating about for some time procured two bottles of bitters on which they succeeded in getting "glorious" and gave vent to their feelings by sundry "war hoops" and were finely landed in the cooler. Here they became very boisterous and were only quieted by the sheriff threatening to treat them to a shower bath. They were released the next morning on payment of five dollars fine and costs each and left sadder but wiser men.

—The post office authorities thus define the word lottery as applied to the act which went into effect September 19th, last. "The term 'lottery' as used in this Act embraces all kinds of schemes, general or local, for the distribution of prizes by lot or chance, such as gift exhibitions, enterprise concerts, raffles, or the drawing of prizes in money or property at fairs. Hence, letters, postal-cards and circulars concerning them, and newspapers, pamphlets, and other publications containing advertisements of them, are unmailable.

—When the 200,000,000 feet of logs broke from the Linden boom above and at Williamsport in the June flood of '89, every lumberman suffered and ruin faced the business operations of the West Branch. The Lumberman's Exchange, however, syndicated losses, arrangements were entered into by which more than 140,000,000 feet of the drift logs were centered at Sparrow's Point, near Baltimore, and saw-mill machinery worth almost half a million dollars is now in operation on the big pile, turning out pine and hemlock in 300,000 lots daily.

—Score another for Kane. The board of trade and a representative of Hirsch, Ely & Co., of Pittsburgh, have concluded arrangements whereby the latter is to locate their glass plant in that enterprising borough. The works will give employment to from 100 to 140 men. Mrs. Elizabeth D. Kane gives the land, consisting of seven acres, also a location for a gas well. Other liberal concessions were made by the board of trade and private individuals. Plainly the people of Kane have grasped the situation and a bright future is in store for the town.

—Austin has been visited by another destructive conflagration, this time caused by the explosion of an oil stove in the drug store of Geo. D. Helwig, which was destroyed together with the greater part of its contents. The flames swept along Turner street consuming the following stores and much of their contents: Mrs. Watkins' groceries, Frank Welch, drugs, J. W. Yunker, boots and shoes, Wm. Welch, meat market, George L. Odis, cigars and fruits. The aggregate loss is from $10,000 to $12,000, upon which there is a small insurance with Mandeville & Co. of Olean.

—A gentleman of this place who visited the mammoth store of L. Emery, Jr. & Co., of Bradford a few days since declares that the stock of goods now on exhibition at that establishment is the finest he has ever seen in any store outside the large cities of the country. In his opinion there are few stores even in New York where a finer display of elegant goods in the line of gold and silver ware, elegant vases, imported French and Haviland china, watches, diamonds, lamps, &c., can be seen. Their advertisement in another column gives something of an idea what they can furnish.

—Thus says a truthful exchange: "A man who writeth for a newspaper is of few days and full of grief. He riseth in the morning and knoweth not what a day will bring forth. If he telleth all the news he runneth a risk of getting a tin ear put on him. If he doeth not tell it all he is N. G. The crafty man cajoleth him into giving a fifty cent puff for a five cent cigar, and fond mothers frown on him if he faileth to [illegible] their freckled faced brood, and all his ways are woe and his days are full of sorrow. The life insurance man tackleth him and the tree peddler and the book agent layeth snares for him and on the whole he hath a horrible time."

PERSONAL MENTION

We will deem it a favor if those having friends visiting [illegible] inform us by postal or by leaving a notice at this office.

J. W. Bouton and wife are in Warren this week.

Attorney W. L. Hillbridge was in town last Friday.

Florence Stickels of Johnsonburg was in town Monday.

Mrs. Murray B. Greer is visiting friends in Buffalo this week.

R. O. Gartie, of Port Allegany, has been granted a pension.

H. M. Chase of the Recorder's office is visiting friends in Buffalo.

Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Williams, of Emporium was in town Monday.

Rev. T. W. Chandler attended the M. E. Conference at Olean, this week.

E. H. Gouvers of Buffalo, the great lumber king was in town Monday.

Miss Pearl Leggett of Emporium, is visiting friends in town for a few days.

T. H. Haffey, of Ridgway, visited McKean's county seat on Monday last.

Attorney P. H. Lester of Eldred had business in town on Friday of last week.

John O. Sonbergh of Clermont, was shaking hands with friends in town Monday.

[illegible] A. J. Marsh of Jamestown was circulating around town Wednesday.

D. A. Baldwin W. S. Wescott and E. B. Loomis were among the Bradfordians in town Monday.

Ren. Ingley and wife returned Saturday from a two weeks visit with friends in New York State.

Rev. Wm. F. L. Hamm, of Bradford preached Thursday evening of this week in the Baptist Church.

Mrs. Mary A. Backus is making an extended trip in the west, combining business with pleasure.

J. J. Mil[illegible] of the *Democrat* left Tuesday for Southern Pines, N. C. to look after his hotel interests.

Fred S. Thomas, late of Coudersport, has been spending a few days in town, visiting friends and relatives.

Rev. M. D. Lokens and wife were the guests of H. W. George and family of State Line Mills, Pa. on Saturday last.

J. M. McElroy of Smethport, Prothonotary of McKean county is visiting friends in Allegheny.—*Pittsburgh Times*.

Mrs. S. P. Eakes and daughter Martha, of Smethport, are guests at the house of J. T. Griffith, at East Kane.—*Leader*.

Irwin Passmore, B. E. of the Eldred graded school was in town on Friday last the guest of Prof. A. C. Anderson and visited the Smethport schools.

Mr. John W. Pickersgill, of Verona, Pa., and Miss Ida E. Oviatt, of Smethport, were married at the M. E. parsonage, Olean on Wednesday of last week.

Miss Hattie Redfield, who is attending St. Margaret's seminary, Buffalo, spent Thanksgiving day with her grand parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. D. Hamlin, of Main street.

Rev. A. D. Bush, of Coudersport, preached in the Baptist Church Monday and Tuesday evenings. These services have been of great benefit to all who attended. The singing and preaching of Rev. J. J. Berger has been highly appreciated.

J. B. Laraway has been on the sick list for a few days past. We understand that he has arranged to sell his barber business to Will Hungerford, and will go west in search of health. "Larry" has made a host of friends during his stay in Smethport who while they regret this step, will wish him a complete restoration to health and abundant success.

Election of Officers.

At the regular meeting of Smethport Tent No 9, K. O. T. M. held on Monday evening last, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year

Commander—Dr. Lucy Chadwick.
Lieut. Com.—John Ostrom.
Record Keeper—Clarence Moses.
Finance Keeper—M. B. Greer.
Prelate—M. D. Shea.
Sergeant—Wm. McCameron.
Master at Arms—Harry White.
1st Guard—Chas. Johnson.
2d Guard—Chas. Nelson.
Sentinel—L. N. Jacob.
Picket—L. Kamer.

List of Letters

Remaining in the postoffice at Smethport, Pa., for the week ending Nov 29.

Debolas Alice
Clancy John
Haley Jennie M.
Lahn Winnie
Loftus Martin
Martin W. P.
Mallory L. L.
Pierce Geo.
Sherwood, Della

Persons calling for these letters, please say advertised and give date.

E. M. KERR, P. M.

DEATH'S DOINGS.

The Angel of Death has been busy in our midst for the past few weeks. On Friday last the 8th son of Wm. Westcott, of Lafayette township, died at Dr. Freeman's hospital, in this place, where he had been taken for treatment. The cause of death, we understand was a brain trouble. The remains were interred in Rose Hill Cemetery.

MRS. MARY A. TOTTEN.

Mrs. Mary A. Totten, wife of William T. Totten died at her home, in Sergeant Township, on Saturday afternoon last, aged 72 years. Mrs. Totten was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Howard and a sister of the late Mrs. W. S. Brownell. She came to this county with her parents from New York State, upwards of 55 years ago and has resided here ever since where she was well known and highly respected. She leaves a husband and one daughter, Nellie, now Mrs. Geo. Melanson, besides a large circle of friends and acquaintances, to mourn her loss. The funeral services were held on Monday last at Williamsville the remains finding a resting place in the beautiful Rose Hill cemetery in this place.

MRS. ELLA SMITH.

Mrs. Ella Smith aged 24 years, wife of George F. Smith, died at her late residence in [illegible], on Thursday morning last after a prolonged illness, of a complication of diseases. Although not [illegible] when death came it was a terrible shock to the relatives and friends. Mrs. Smith was the daughter of Mr. George Stickles of Keating township, and was married about a year ago. Smethport Tent K. O. T. M., of which the husband was a member, took entire charge of the funeral arrangements which they attended in a body, six of the members acting as pall bearers. The funeral services were held at the Baptist church and the remains were interred in Rose Hill Cemetery. Among the floral tributes was a handsome wreath contributed by the Maccabees.

MRS. CLARA GALLUP.

On Saturday last Mrs. Clara Gallup, a lady well and favorably known throughout this section died at her home near Colegrove in the 65th year of her age, the cause being dropsy. Mrs. Gallup was born in Emporium then McKean county March 31st 1826, and has lived in this part of the state all her life. She was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Lemuel Lucore. She was married about 35 years ago to Mr. Daniel Gallup who, together with a sister Malissa, now Mrs. Wm. F. [illegible] of Sizerville and a brother Lemuel [illegible] of Sizerville survive her. The funeral services were held at Colegrove on Monday afternoon last, Rev. Mr. Leach of the M. E. Church officiating. The remains were interred in the Colegrove cemetery, a large concourse of relatives and friends following them to their last resting place.

Musical Event.

Below will be found the programme for the grand musical festival to be given by the Smethport Military Band, on Monday evening next, at the opera house. With such a programme and with the low prices of admission 25 and 35 cents, the opera house should be crowded.

Potpourri — [illegible] — Smethport Military Band. — Bayer
Vocal Solo — Night Is Coming — Mrs. Edith Shoemaker — Sayers
Cornet Solo — The Signal — J. W. Baker — Dressler
[illegible] — Verdi
[illegible] — Rogers
Serenade — [illegible] — Watson
[illegible] — Smethport Military Band — Stevens
[illegible] — J. W. Baker
Clarinet Solo — [illegible] — Thornton
Piano [illegible] — Smethport Military Band — Verreul
Quartette — Come Where My Love [illegible]
[illegible] — Lizzie
[illegible] — Verdi
[illegible]

Gentlemen of the Jury

The following is a list of grand jurors drawn Nov. [illegible] 1890 for a Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held at Smethport, Pa. the second Monday of December.

Butler Philip S.—[illegible]
Burlingame Wm. H.—Smethport.
Case George B.—Eldred twp.
Corran Wm.—Liberty twp.
Emery John B.—[illegible] twp.
Gallup F. C.—Norwich twp.
Harmon Amos—Eldred twp.
Johnson J. F.—Hamlin twp.
Keeler Wm.—Bradford.
Kemp J. C.—Otto twp.
Lacy L. J.—Duke Centre.
Little J. O.—Wetmore twp.
Lyman F. C.—Smethport.
Peterson August—Kane.
Randall W. H.—Duke Centre.
Ross H.—Bradford.
Rogstrom Amandus—Clermont.
Sherman Wm.—Mt. Alton.
Searle, H. T.—Port Allegany.
Stenstrom John—Hamlin twp.
Thengren John A.—Bradford.
[illegible] F. L.—Bradford.
White A. C.—Norwich twp.
Washburn F. A.—Bradford.

PETIT JURORS.

Abbott Cal—Foster twp.
Burroughs F. A.—Bradford.
[illegible] C. L.—Kendall.
Buchanan, James—Foster twp.
Bradley [illegible]—Bradford.
Burr Frank B.—Kendall.
Charles Owen—Eldred.
Crawford, A. A.—Bradford.
Crocker Geo. W.—Bradford.
Cassidy Philip—Lafayette twp.
Cramer Bernard—Bradford twp.
Campbell, B. B.—Eldred twp.
Campbell John J.—Eldred twp.
Duke W. C.—Otto twp.
Draper Fox—Bradford.
Davison, L. T.—Corydon twp.
Duncan W. H.—Bradford.
Field, Joseph—Hamlin twp.
Gale John—Eldred twp.
Greenman Benj. F.—Eldred.
Gallup, Bela C.—Port Allegany.
Hadley Seth—Bradford.
Gallup, Eben—Keating twp.
Jusberger, August—Bradford.
Jones, S. H.—Annin twp.
Johnson, John—Bradford.
Kinney, Henry M.—Annin twp.
Ladd, Theodore—Bradford.
Lockwood, F. A.—Ceres twp.
Morton, John—Otto twp.
Mattson, Myron—Bradford.
Marsh, Louis—Bradford.
Martin John C.—Clermont.
Moore W. H.—Liberty twp.
Newland, Geo. W.—Eldred twp.
Osborne, Thomas—Bradford.
Payne, Eugene S.—Corydon twp.
Pike, Harlow—Bradford twp.
Rockwell, Frank—Keating twp.
Read, A. E.—Keating twp.
Sorensen, Richard—Kane.
[illegible], F. W.—Otto twp.
Smedley, Thomas D.—Bradford.
Smith, Casper—Keating twp.
Spangler, Charles—Bradford.
Stevens, A. A.—Keating.
Thompson, Thomas B.—Bradford.
Taylor, E. H.—Smethport.
Wagoner C. W.—Port Allegany.
Thompson, L. S.—Bradford.

Diamonds.

We wish to say to the public that we are prepared to furnish diamonds at a saving to the purchaser of fully 25 per cent. We carry in stock over $8,000 00 worth of these goods in rings, ear drops lace pins, studs, &c., and also in combination with emeralds, sapphires, rubies, &c.

Will be pleased to have a call from the readers of the McKean Miner.

Very Respectfully,
L. EMERY, JR., & Co
Bradford, Pa.

Fifty Spasms a Day

Had Mrs. H. A. Gardner, of Vistula, Ind., lived two thousand years ago she would have been thought to be possessed by evil spirits. She was subject to nervous prostration, headache, dizziness, backache, palpitation and forty to fifty spasms a day. Though having been treated by eight physicians for years without success, she was permanently cured by one bottle of Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine. A trial bottle of this new and wonderful medicine, and a finely illustrated treatise free at A. B. Armstrong's Drug Store, who recommends and guarantees it.

You get your money's worth, when you buy Ol Sage's Catarrh Cure. It never fails. M68.

AROUND THE COUNTY.

Interesting News from Various Localities As Related by Our Regular Correspondents.

KANE.

Lem Davis has moved into his new residence on Greeves street.

Miss Kate Kavanaugh has the finest display of Christmas toys in Kane.

Jas Landrigan spent Thanksgiving in Kane. He had Baker Thomas with him.

A. A. Evans has accepted a position as clerk in Smith & Welker's hardware store.

W. B. Smith has been very ill the past week. His many friends sympathize with him.

The old Gas Co. well No. 1 is being cleaned out and is likely to make a good oil producer.

The present cold snap has made our gas fitters put on a more lively than graceful move.

Tom McClelland the wide-awake and hustling lumberman of Ashaqua, was in town on Saturday.

The revival meeting at the M. E. church is still in progress and much good is apparently being done.

Thanksgiving with all its kindly greetings and remembrances of the poor, except us has come and gone.

H. H. Corson will on Christmas eve give a supper that will it is said, eclipse the Lafont Hotel's Thanksgiving dinner.

Some improvements are being made at the P. & E. passenger depot that will add much to the comfort of the traveling public.

Kane has donned its winter dress of snow. Smith's our are lumbermen jobbers are happy and weakness in the best of humor.

Another industry on the tapis for Kane which we dare not make public at this time owing to the rivalry among some of our neighboring towns.

R. E. Looker our chief of police gave a well merited rebuke to the writer of the anonymous letters [illegible] merchant who does not advertise.

While I do not profess to be infallible I do know this simple truth, that our ever watchful chief has his eye on the parties who have a rendezvous on Fraley street and that their near future [illegible] and themselves will are long be in the toils of the law.

I forgot to mention in connection with Thanksgiving in Kane that the genial Rick Donovan had an excellent bill of fare that was amply discussed and leisurely partaken of at his he and commodious hotel by his many guests who all declare it was a Delmonico meal.

On Wednesday evening 21st ult., at the residence of the bride's parents in Jamestown N. Y. John Swanson, of the firm of Swanson Bros. Kane and Christina Anderson were united in marriage by Rev. Lingstrom. On Monday evening of this week the bride and groom arrived in Kane and repaired to the residence of the groom's brother Fred, on Chase street where a number of invited guests were awaiting when all sat down to a regular wedding supper where the most fastidious epicure as well as your scribe, enjoyed such a repast as is seldom prepared in Kane.

KENDALL CREEK.

Mrs. E. R. Sherman spent Tuesday in Smethport.

Mrs. Jessie Seymour is entertaining her sister Mrs. Baker of Olean, N. Y.

Mrs. J. Sm[illegible] left last week for France Depot, Ohio to join her husband.

Miss Lena Boyer returned Wednesday from a visit to friends and relatives at [illegible]

S. J. Whitney is entertaining his nieces Grace and Bertha Parker, of [illegible] N. Y.

Mrs. O. T. Brown has moved from North Kendall into the house formerly occupied by Mrs. Jane Greenfield.

Mrs. Wm. Windsor and Mrs. Frank Windsor and family returned Saturday from a visit to friends at Beechtree, DuBois and Brockway-ville.

C. R. McKinney and family accompanied by Misses Lillian and Ermina Johns and Win[illegible] Sherman spent a few days of last week at Mt. Alton.

Prof. Butler of Bradford, contemplates organizing a class in vocal music. All who are interested are requested to meet with him at the M. E. Church next Saturday evening.

The dancing class organized by Prof. Munder is a grand success. There are nearly forty members. An attendance is given each evening which is largely attended and thoroughly enjoyed.

The Erie train was late last Saturday night and the mail was left at the depot. During the night the depot was broken into and the mail pouch cut open. All the letters were opened but it is thought no plunder was secured. No trace of the thieves has been found.

John F. Reynolds died Friday morning after a long illness, caused by paralysis. The funeral took place Sunday at 11 o'clock and was conducted by Post 141, of Bradford. The deceased was 60 years old, having been a resident of this place 18 years. The remains were interred in the cemetery at Bolivar Run.

The principals of the schools of McKean county will hold their first meeting in the M. E. Church at this place on Saturday the 6th inst. The session will open at 2 o'clock p. m. The programme will consist of papers and discussions, interspersed with recitations and music. A very interesting meeting is anticipated.

The ball given by Kendall tent No. 5 K. O. T. M., at the opera house Thanksgiving eve was a grand success. Over two hundred tickets were sold and the large hall was crowded. The merry dancers kept time to the inspiring strains of Jamison's Orchestra until the wee sma' hours. A sumptuous supper was served by the ladies in the rear of the hall. The Maccabees are to be congratulated on the success of their ball.

CLERMONT.

Bert Fisher has moved his family to Eldred.

F. S. Byers is spending a few days in this place.

Fred Brownell of Smethport, was in town Monday.

R. I. Knapp of Smethport was about town last Monday.

Mrs. L. Shaw visited her parents at Crosby last week.

Mrs. Jacquette of Smethport is the guest of her son of this place.

Miss Nell [illegible] departed last Monday for her home in Slosaburg.

Miss Maggie Gaynor of Olean spent Thanksgiving with her parents.

Miss Mattie Peterson of Smethport was visiting friends in this place last week.

Mr. and Mrs. O. Rogstrom of Smethport spent Sunday with friends in this place.

Miss Lizzie Ullman and Miss Christine Peterson spent Thanksgiving in Portville.

Several young people from Smethport and Crosby attended the Catholic dance last Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Fulditch who have been visiting friends at Keating Summit have returned to their home in this place.

The Catholics held their second dance in Steinhauer's new hall last Wednesday evening. There was a large crowd in attendance. A sumptuous repast was served at the Bayer House to which all did ample justice. The music was fine and altogether the dance was a grand success both socially and financially.

Rufus Farr, a young man who has resided in this place about twelve years died at the home of his brother last Saturday after an illness of about a week. Mr. Farr was a well known and much respected citizen and his sudden death was a severe blow to his relatives and friends here. He leaves a mother and four brothers to mourn his loss. The bereaved relatives have the heartfelt sympathy of the entire community.

FROM ANOTHER CORRESPONDENT

The dance held on Thanksgiving eve at Steinhauer's hall for the benefit of the Catholic church was a success socially and financially. This enjoyable event was the first ever held in this hall and we are indebted to Mr. Steinhauer for hurrying the work on the building in order to have it in readiness for the evening. Great credit is due the committee for the pains taken by them to make the ball a success. An excellent supper was served at the Bayer House and was appreciated by all. The thanks of this paper thanks are tendered to Mr. and Mrs. [illegible] for their kindness and courtesy, also to the people out of town as well as the residents who so generously patronized the affair. The amount realized was $105 which will be added to the fund for the erection of a church in this place. On account of the worthy object for which this money is raised it is hoped that all work of this kind done in the future will be equally successful.

MT JEWETT.

Miss Blanch Wynn visited Bradford last Friday.

James Adair lies quite sick with typhoid fever.

Miss Baton spent last Sunday with friends in Bradford.

Miss Zellie Hays spent Thanksgiving with friends in Kane.

Mrs. M. Willis, who has been sick with typhoid fever, is much better.

Miss Nellie Brower visited friends in Bradford last Saturday and Sunday.

The two weeks service in the Presbyterian church will not begin until Dec. 7.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Wilson attended a party at Mt. Alton on Thanksgiving eve.

Mr. and Mrs. Wright, of Warren county, were the guests of J. Wynn, last Saturday.

W. B. Kimball and children, of Glen Hazel are visiting Mrs. Kimball's sister, Mrs. W. H. Sparks.

A. G. Phillips returned from Bradford on Tuesday of last week and left his brother, John Phillips, improving slowly.

Don't forget the dance of the social club, in Long's Hall, Dec. 5. Music will be furnished by the Bradford Union Orchestra.

W. W. Brewer's well was shot Thursday of last week and proved to be a big one. Mr. Brewer will commence to drill a new well in a short time.

The Turkey supper in Long's Hall, on Thursday evening of last week for the benefit of the Presbyterian Church, was well attended. The Ladies' Aid Society furnished a most excellent supper. They realized nearly fifty dollars.

ANNIN CREEK.

F. L. Buckley has returned home.

Will Horton is visiting friends here.

A new boy arrived at Mr. Will Edgett's last Sunday.

Vernie Tubbs is slowly recovering from an attack of rheumatism.

Mr. M. Holcomb of Coudersport, is visiting his mother at this place.

Mr. Frank Simpson, of Eldred, was calling on friends here this week.

Mrs. J. S. Hodges, who has been visiting in Olean, has returned home.

Mr. Joel C. Merriman is keeping batchelor's hall in the Baptist parsonage.

Mrs. George Smith, of Cantolpo, N. Y., is visiting her husband, at this place.

Will C. Barr, from Lillibridge creek, was the guest of Mr. E. Tubbs over Sunday.

There will be an oyster supper at Mr. L. H. Winship's, Friday evening, for the benefit of the Ladies' Aid Society.

Rev. W. L. Gibbs, of this place, has moved his family to Franklinville, N. Y., where he will stay for the coming year.

ELDRED.

Mr. A. T. Eraden has been in Buffalo this week buying goods.

Hud Roberts came home from Buffalo to eat Thanksgiving turkey.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Peters visited Olean friends the latter part of last week.

Wm. Daly, Jr., of Buffalo, has been spending a few days with friends in town.

Mr. and Mrs. Gibson, of Farmersville, N. Y. are guests of J. D. and D. F. Hardy.

O. Charles and family, of Sweden Valley, are visiting friends and relatives in town.

Henry Schrater has moved his house onto Main street and is adding an upright to it.

A. H. Pomeroy, representative of Clark's Business College Erie, Pa., was in town last week.

Mr. [illegible] and [illegible] H. Squires were called to Pompey, N. Y., this week by the death of their mother.

The crazy man who has been confined in the lock up for a week past was taken to the North Warren Asylum on Tuesday.

The Epworth League social, held at the residence of T. C. Weinman on Friday evening was a social and financial success. Another will be given in the near future.

[illegible] and family have moved into their new residence on Barden Brook street. The Spiller house, which they have just vacated, will be occupied by O. W. Gridley.

COLEGROVE.

Mrs. John Crumbie visited Bradford last Saturday.

Jessie Day is very sick with an attack of pneumonia, following the measles.

Mr. Walter Rose has moved his family into his new house on the east side of Snow avenue.

The measles are still affecting many of the children. La grippe has also made its appearance.

Fred Percht, an employe of the L. P. L. Co., is now living in the Anderson house, on Snow avenue.

Mrs. J. N. Forsyth of Smethport, accompanied by her friend Miss Wells of Holly, Mich. were the guests of Mrs. A. M. Bartlett, Thanksgiving.

A good shot was made by Henry Leighton last week. He thought he saw a deer, took good aim and fired. The deer proved to be a cow which the owner is minus of, while Henry is out its equivalent in cash.

The School up Christian Hollow was in session one day last week. The teacher, Miss Rena Richmond, commenced teaching the 24th ult. and on the morning of the 25th took the train for a more congenial clime. Now we are waiting to see who will be next.

A large number of relatives and friends followed the remains of Mrs. Clara Gallup to her last resting place. Funeral services were held in the Union Church on Monday. Rev. Leach officiating. Deceased was about 64 years of age. Many warm friends to whom she administered in time of need mourn her departure from among them.

CERES.

Elma Almy is in Bradford.

A. S. Almy has returned from an extended visit in Bradford.

The Misses Maggie and Bell Dickson of Richburg spent the past week with Ceres friends.

L. P. White is laying pipe to connect his residence and barn with the Avenue water works.

Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Carter and son, of Duke Centre spent Thanksgiving with Ceres friends.

The W. C. T. U. gave a New England supper on Wednesday evening, from which they netted $14.

The gas company feels better since it discovered that a rusty regulator, instead of failing wells caused the shortage.

Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Barber started Monday for Alabama where they will make their new home. The best wishes of a host of friends go with them.

The roads are once more in good shape and at present it is snowing and the lumbermen are rushing about in a frenzied way in search of long forgotten bob sleds and log chains.

Miss Carrie E. King of Ceres, and Wm. S. Cornelison of Sidney, Australia, were married Tuesday afternoon at the residence of W. K. King and started immediately on a wedding tour in Eastern cities. They will make Australia their future home.

KASSON.

T. Kron had business in Smethport on Saturday last.

F. I. Murtin called on relatives in Clermont on Wednesday.

Herman Peck returned to his home, in Steuben county, on Wednesday.

Miss Alta Peck and Miss Mira Pattison are studying Latin together.

Mrs. Philip Hafner who has been very ill for some time is slowly improving.

We are very sorry to note that the *Democrat* scribe has one of Job's comforters on his hand.

George Sparks and wife of Mt. Jewett spent Sunday last with Mrs. Sparks parents in this place.

Mrs. Jacob Hafner of Clermont spent Friday and Saturday with Mrs. Philip Hafner of this place.

Mrs. Elvira Kinney who is teaching school at Ormsby, Pa., then spent Thanksgiving day with her parents.

FOUR MILE

Miss Nora Weaver spent Thanksgiving with friends in Clermont.

Mr. and Mrs. Will [illegible] returned to their home in Smethport Wednesday.

Mrs. J. A. Patterson and daughter of Belmont, N. Y. are guests of Mrs. Weaver.

Mrs. Geo. Higgins and sister Mrs. Corwin returned to their home in Cameron Monday.

Charlie Prince returned to his home in Eldred Monday. Oh Charley how we miss you!

What has become of Jerry our Four Mile correspondent? We missed you last week Jerry.

C. H. Mix, of Smethport and M. A. Hibbridge of Port Allegany were here on business, Saturday.

The man who scolds his crying baby is too mean to invest 25 cents in a bottle of Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup should be divorced.

EVERYBODY'S COLUMN

Items of Interest Gathered from Various Sources by the Man With the Shears.

—Smoke "First Attempt."

—Michigan arousing itself for Alger in 1892.

—"First Attempt" clear Havana.

—Go to M. Rosenfield's for clothes.

—Parnell says he will lead his party as long as they want him.

—Have your eyes fitted while you have the chance, Hirschfield is still here.

—After breakfast smoke "First Attempt."

—"First Attempt" sold at the Central and Wright House.

—Twenty million acres of land of the United States are held by foreigners.

—For wall paper, go to Reilly's Furniture and Carpet store.

—Don't fail to see the carpets at the Furniture and Carpet Store.

—The handsomest wall paper ever brought to Smethport can be seen at Specht & Sasse's Furniture rooms.

—The hottest day of the year in New Zealand comes about Christmas time.

—The finest range ever put on exhibition in Smethport, is for sale at L. W. Mason's hardware store.

—A large and fine selection of all kinds rocking chairs suitable for holiday presents at Reilly's Furniture & Carpet Store, Smethport.

—Koch's cure seems to have knocked out the elixir of life in the first round.

—Hirschfield the optician is still at the Wright House. Office hours 7 to 9 a. m. 6 to 9 p. m. Call and have your eyes tested.

—A cat killed a child the other day, at Middletown, by sucking its breath away.

—All kinds of House Furnishing goods at Reilly's Furniture & Carpet Store, Smethport, Pa.

—A Fuel famine is threatened at South Dakota.

—The largest and finest stock of carpets ever brought to this section of country is now at the Furniture and Carpet Store.

—If imitation is the surest indication of success, then Prof. Koch's cure is successful.

—Train robbers are doing big work in Georgia.

—Hirschfield the optician will be at his office, in the Wright House, all day Saturday.

—Families, jobbers and everybody can be supplied with fresh and salt meats promptly upon application at Stull's, East Smethport, Pa.

—WANTED Old American stamps, good prices paid, look through your old letters. Address R. Dorin, Eldred, Pa.

—Tourist travel to Florida has set in unusually early.

—Go to J. G. Hall, of Port Allegany, Pa., for all kinds of flooring, ceiling, wainscoting, siding, wood turning, mouldings, etc. Pike lever handles a specialty. 8ft

—Destitution is reported among the farmers in Nebraska.

—Hoffman is turning out finer Photo's than ever at his gallery on Union St. Do not forget that he has the ground floor and North light, so desirable in that business.

—Mrs. J. B. Laraway begs to inform the ladies of Smethport and vicinity that she is prepared to do dressmaking in the latest and most approved styles, and to this end has engaged the services of Miss Mattie Spencer, of Binghamton, N. Y., a lady thoroughly practical in the art. All work promptly done and guaranteed. East Main street, near McCoy's Corners.

—Mr. Charles Latham, the Photo artist has re-opened the Moses Gallery in this place and will give his entire attention to the business. Mr. Latham has a wide reputation as an artist, and judging from his work which speaks for itself it is merited. Enlarging, Crayon work and every thing in his line promptly done and satisfaction guaranteed.

—A big line of clothing for men and boys at M. Rosenfield's Main street.

—There are forty-seven indoor base-ball teams in Chicago.

—Hoffman, at his gallery on Union St., wants none but respectable people. He would rather have the other kind go elsewhere.

—The United Society of Christian Endeavor has a membership of 485 000.

The reason why Arnica & Oil Liniment is so popular with the ladies is because it not only is very healing and soothing but its odor is not at all offensive.

—When you sit for a Photograph it is well to give your custom to a permanently established gallery. Then you will know where the negative is in case you should want duplicates. Hoffman is here to stay and has every facility for turning out everything in his line, Enlargements, Crayon and water colors.

—A big herd of camels has been seen on the plains near Harrisburg, Cal.

Don't suffer with indigestion, use Baxter's Mandrake Bitters.

—Persons desiring to travel, please call on, or write for rates to W. W. Ball & Sons, Railroad Ticket Brokers and Gen Pass. Agts to any point and over any line. 152 Union St., Olean, N. Y. Telephone connections.

—The Indian cotton crop of 1889–90 is the largest ever known in that country.

Uncertainty may attend business ventures and enterprises, but it never attends the prompt administration of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. Price 25 cents.

—Russia has prohibited the sale of English oleomargarine within her territory.

"My sore ran in the night, and my soul refused to be comforted." "Poor fellow! of course it did. Pity, he couldn't get Salvation Oil. Only 25 cts."

—Have you seen the carpets at the Furniture and Carpet Store?

Holiday Presents.

If you want to make a holiday present be sure to examine the stock at Reilly's Furniture Store, Smethport, Pa.

Get Ready for Winter

By making your purchases of the necessaries of life

Horse Blankets from $1 00 to $4 50

Sleigh Robes in black, white and gray of bear, dog and wolf skins from $4.50 to $20 00

Sleigh Bells in nickel and gold from $1 50 to $3 50

Shaft and Saddel chimes in nickel and gold from $ 50 to $2.50

Buy your goods at this establishment and save money.

Very Respectfuly
L. EMERY, JR., & Co
Bradford, Pa.

NO NONSENSE.

Cold Facts to Deal with in the Future. No Man or Woman to be Trifled With.

Plain figures must be the inducement. Everybody needs, wants, and will have some stimulants in the house, and they can have it! Look out now! Here are the prices for you

Six year old Guckenheimer, Finch, Gibson or Overholt guaranteed positively pure, six full quarts for $5 00, or $1 00 per single quart packed and shipped to your home. No charge for packing. Silver Age Rye, the people's favorite at $1 50 per each quart bottle, or 12 bottles for $15 00. Wines of all kinds, foreign or domestic for 50c upward. For further information send for a complete catalogue and price list to

The Buccaneers of Old

Flaunted the skull and cross bones, their ensign defiantly at the masthead. Your modern pirate, not on the high seas but upon the high reputation of standard remedies skulks under various disguises. His hole and corner traffic has never to any degree affected Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, although that standard invigorant and corrective has long been the shining mark at which his shafts have been directed. Cheap local bitters composed of fiery unrectified stimulants with an infusion, or extract possibly, of some tonic bark, are still sometimes recommended as identical with or similar to, or possessing virtues kindred to those of America's chosen family medicine. These perish speedily, while the great subduer and preventive of disease pursues its successful career, overcoming malaria, dyspepsia, nervousness, kidney troubles, constipation and rheumatic ailments, not only on this, but on many continents.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

READ THESE UNPARALLELED OFFERS!

THE HARRISBURG
WEEKLY TELEGRAPH

Is the largest and best newspaper published at the Capital of Pennsylvania. Each number contains sixty four columns filled with the latest news stories market reports, legislative proceedings and miscellaneous reading.

PRICE, ONLY ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR.

Dickens Complete Works (15 volumes,) or Walter Scott's Waverley Novels (25 volumes) and the Harrisburg Weekly Telegraph one year will be sent to any address, postage paid for Two Dollars.

We will furnish the Weekly Telegraph and James Fenimore Cooper's Leather Stocking Tales, (5 volumes,) for One Dollar and a half.

Weekly Telegraph and Texas Siftings (weekly price $4) for Two Dollars.

Weekly Telegraph and American Agriculturist for Two Dollars.

Weekly Telegraph and either Country Home or Farm and Home (monthly) for One Dollar and a quarter.

Weekly Telegraph and American Farmer (monthly) for One Dollar.

Weekly Telegraph and Home Magazine, edited by Mrs. John A. Logan (monthly) for One Dollar and Ten Cents.

RELIABLE AGENTS WANTED

To Solicit Subscriptions in every School District in Pennsylvania.

Daily Telegraph, $3 per year
Daily Telegraph and Dickens' Works, $5.
Daily Telegraph and Waverley Novels, $5.
Daily Telegraph and Texas Siftings, $6.

The cash must accompany all orders, and be addressed to

M. W. McALARNEY, Manager,
Harrisburg, Penn'a

DRUGS.
Patent Medicines,
Stationery,
Fancy Goods,
DRUGGISTS' -:- SUNDRIES.
Prescriptions promptly filled.
H. C. WELLS, - Smethport, Pa.

SALESMEN WANTED.

A good chance to secure a paying situation for the dull winter months. Each salesman furnished with a complete outfit illustrating and describing New Fruits, &c., that sell readily. Salary and expenses from start. Write for terms.

HOOPES, BRO & THOMAS.
Maple Avenue Nurseries,
West Chester, Pa

FOR MEN ONLY!
VIGOR
STRENGTH
[illegible]

STICKNEY, BELL & CO.'S
December Schedule of Low Prices

A GREAT CHANCE.

Newmarkets, sizes from 32 to 42 in. from $5 to $28. Jackets from 32 to 42, all styles and prices.

MISSES COATS AND NEWMARKETS

in all sizes from 2 to 16 years. We have the assortment and our low prices will attract you.

BLANKETS AND COMFORTERS.

Don't buy any of these till you have seen ours. White Blankets from $1.25 to $8. Our Home-made Wool Blankets from $2 to $4 will be found to be durable and comfortable.

MEN'S UNDERWEAR.

The best fifty-cent underwear you ever saw. $1 each buys our fine red or natural wool underwear. $1.25 our finest lamb's wool or camel hair. Heavy wool shirts and Macinaw jackets of all grades from $1 to $3.75

GLOVES AND MITTENS.

Our line is now made up of the largest assortment ever shown in this part of the country. In one minute we can spread before you a variety of samples which will represent 47 consecutive lines which we desire to show you.

With this multiplicity we can supply the wants of any and every one. It extends from a 25c sheepskin mitten to the finest imported French kid in the market. A leader is a genuine buckskin chopping glove, good value at $1.25, selling for 75 cents,

STICKNEY, BELL & CO.,
Opposite the Court House, Smethport, Pa.

CLOAKS! CLOAKS!

JUST RECEIVED,

New Plush Jackets and Cloaks.

We have about 50 Newmarkets in sizes 32, 34, 36 and 38, Garments that sold at $7, $8, $10 and $12, all marked to sell at $5 each.

Misses Coats and Newmarkets, from 4 to 18 years, at proportionately low prices

Don't fail to call early and get a bargain.

MRS. T. D. NASH.
Smethport, December 5, 1890.—2w

D. C. Y.

THE -:- LATEST -:- ARRIVALS!

I take this way of informing the public, and my friends in particular that I am daily receiving a nice and well assorted line of new and attractive

Fall and Winter Goods,

Such as are in daily use. Special attention is called to a new line of he celebrated

JAMESTOWN DRESS GOODS.

they sell at sight to economical buyers. You can also find here the most Complete line of

BOOTS ✦ AND ✦ SHOES

ever offered in this the County Seat, and they are warranted to be the best, consequently the cheapest. I also carry a line of the

Arcade Yarns and Flannels!

they recommend themselves when once tried. A cordial invitation is extended to all to drop in and see if what I advertise is not correct.

D. C. YOUNG.

Western New York & Pa. R. R.

Time Table in effect Nov. 23, 1890.

Trains will leave Smethport for Eldred, Olean, Bradford, Rochester and Buffalo [illegible]

[illegible]

Bradford, Eldred and Kinzua R. R. Co.

[illegible]

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY VIRTUE OF SUNDRY WRITS OF FIERI Facias, Levari Facias and Alias Venditioni Exponas, Alias Fieri Facias, Pluries Fieri Facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, Pa., and to me directed, I will expose at public sale in the Court House in the borough of Smethport, on

MONDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1890, AT 1 P. M.,

the following several pieces of property:

[illegible]

W. E. CLARKE, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa., Nov. 17, 1890.

Court Proclamation.

THE HON. A. G. OLMSTED, President Judge, of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphans' Court and Court of Common Pleas for the county of McKean, has issued his precept, bearing date [illegible], and to me directed for holding a Court of Common Pleas, at the borough of Smethport, on Monday, the 8th day of December 1890, and to continue one week.

Notice is therefore hereby given to Coroners, Justices of the Peace and Constables, within the county, that they be then and there in their proper person at 1 o'clock p. m., of said day, with their rolls, records, inquisitions, examinations, and other remembrances, to do those things which their offices appertain to be done. And those who are bound by their recognizance to prosecute the prisoners that are or shall be in the Jail of said county of McKean are to be then and there to prosecute against them as will be just.

Dated at Smethport, Nov. 17, 1890, and in the [illegible] year of the Independence of the United States of America.

W. E. CLARKE, Sheriff.

Notice in Divorce.

[illegible]

Notice in Divorce.

[illegible]

W. E. CLARKE, Sheriff.

Notice in Divorce.

A. D. No. 1??, February Term, 1890.

McKEAN COUNTY, ss. THE COMMONwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of said county, greeting:

[illegible]

W. E. CLARKE, Sheriff.

Notice in Divorce.

A. D. No. 211, June Term, 1890.

McKEAN COUNTY, ss. THE COMMONwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of said county, greeting:

[illegible]

W. E. CLARKE, Sheriff.

Smethport, Pa., Nov. 11, 1890.

Notice.

THE FOLLOWING ACCOUNTS OF EXECUTORS, Administrators and Guardians, have been settled in the office of the Register, the same will be presented for confirmation at the Orphans' Court to be held at Smethport in and for the County of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, on the 8th Monday of December, A. D. 1890.

[illegible]

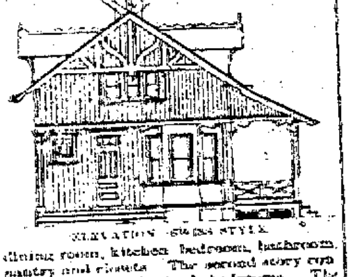
Smethport, Pa., Nov. 10, 1890.

A SUMMER COTTAGE.

Designs Which Could Be Carried Out in Either Swiss or English Style.

[Copyright by American Press Association.]

The accompanying illustrations represent alternate designs for a summer cottage, with but a slight modification in the plans. The first design is what is termed the "Swiss cottage style" of architecture, adapted, of course, to the requirements of an American family. Its characteristic features are the low pitched roof and open timber work, with projections of cornices, details of brackets, veranda, etc., and is most appropriate for hilly or rugged scenery. The first story contains a large stair case, hall, parlor, with a pretty bay window,

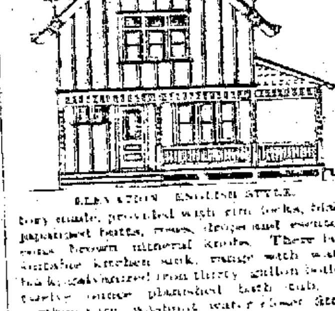


ELEVATION—SWISS STYLE.

dining room, kitchen, bedroom, bathroom, pantry and closets. The second story contains three good sized bedrooms. The framework of the cottage is of North Carolina pine, dressed on all sides exposed to view. The exterior of the building is covered with tongued and grooved North Carolina pine, 1½ inch stuff, dressed one side for the roofs and both sides for the side walls and gables. The roofs are shingled with good quality white pine shingles, laid 5½ inches to the weather.

The vertical joints in sheathing of the side walls and gables are covered with 1¼x3 inch molded battens, secured by twelvepenny finishing nails. All floors are of one-inch yellow pine, tongued and grooved, mill worked and blind nailed. The partitions are formed by nailing one-inch tongued and grooved North Carolina pine ceiling boards, dressed both sides to the girths, which are placed horizontally between the supporting posts or studs about three feet apart. The laundry tubs, window and outside door frames, sash and moldings, gutters, etc., are of white pine. All the doors are of white pine, newels, rails and balusters of stairs, water closet seat and lid top of bath tub and sink, borders to hearths and mantels of ash, all other inside woodwork of North Carolina pine. The window sashes are glazed with double thick sheet glass and balanced with weights and hempen cord. All doors are four paneled; the front door 1¾x3.6x7.4 sunk panels molded both sides. The closet doors in front story 1¼x2.4x6.6 molded one side.

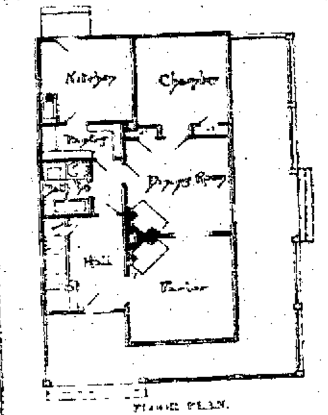
All other doors in first story 1½x2.8x7.0 with sunk panels molded both sides and provided with brass faced mortise locks, jet knobs, roses, drops and escutcheons, black japanned iron butts. The second story doors are 1¼x2.8x6.6, stock or factory made, provided with rim locks, black japanned butts, roses, drops and escutcheons, brown mineral knobs. There is a suitable kitchen sink, range with water back, galvanized from thirty gallon boiler, twelve ounce planished bath tub, all earthenware, washout water closet fitted complete and supplied with water from a tank in the second story, which is arranged to receive all the roof water which supplies the plumbing fixtures. A pump is provided which supplies the tank with water from a well in case the rain supply is short. The linings of valleys, fastenings and conducting leaders are of tin. The wastes from the plumbing fixtures are received in a cesspool some thirty five feet from the house.



ELEVATION—ENGLISH STYLE.

The exterior of the building is painted in two coats of ready mixed paints, the body of the building a light drab color and the trimmings dark drab, with moldings and sash picked out in bright red. The newels, rails and balusters of stairs, top of bath tub and water closet and mantels are first finished with one coat of wood filler and two coats best copal varnish. The doors are varnished two coats; all other inside woodwork finished with one coat hard oil and one coat varnish.

The hearths are of glazed tiles, facings of fireplace of pressed brick and stained with Venetian red and oil, chimneys of hard brick, laid in lime mortar. The foundation walls are of stone, laid in lime mortar, brick. Or, if extreme cheapness is desired, the building could rest on twelve foot brick piers, or even locust or cedar posts, all below the depth of frost. This building can be erected for from $1,000 to $1,200 without the plumbing, which would



FLOOR PLAN.

be an additional item of $300. The second design is in the "English style," upon the same ground plan, with the exception of the bay window, which is omitted. The half timber work in this case is exposed on the interior instead of exterior, the studs are placed vertically, and the ceiling nailed on them horizontally. The cost of No. 2 is from $1,200 to $1,500 without plumbing.

D. W. KING.

Consumption Surely Cured.

TO THE EDITOR—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above-named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their Express and P. O. address. Respectfully, T. A. SLOCUM, M. C., 181 Pearl St., N. Y.

Every Home Should Have It.

It is not always convenient to call a physician for every little ailment. Having Red Flag Oil in the house you have a physician always at hand. It kills rheumatism, neuralgia, burns, bruises and all aches and pains. Price 25 cents.

There are a few things in this life of which we may be certain, but this is one of them. Pan-Tina Cough and Consumption Cure has no equal for coughs, colds and consumption. Price 25 cents. Trial bottle free at Frank Foster's drug store.

Miles' Nerve & Liver Pills.

An important discovery. They act on the liver, stomach and bowels through the nerves. A new principle. They speedily cure biliousness, bad taste, torpid liver, piles and constipation. Splendid for men, women and children. Smallest, mildest, surest. 30 doses for 25 cents. Samples free at A. B. Armstrong's drug store.

ENGLISH Spavin Liniment removes all hard, soft or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses, blood spavin, curbs, splints, sweeny, ring-bone, stifles, sprains, and swollen throats, coughs, etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful Blemish Cure ever known. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, druggist, Smethport.

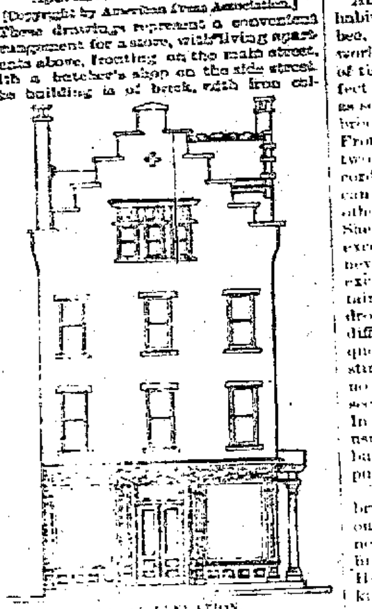
—Cortland county creamery butter can be found at J. H. Stull's meat market, East Smethport, Pa.

A GOOD COMBINATION BUILDING.

Grocery Store, Butcher Shop and Living Apartments Under One Roof.

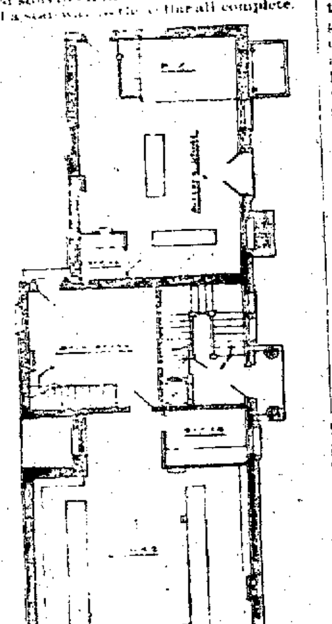
[Copyright by American Press Association.]

These drawings represent a convenient arrangement for a store, with living apartments above, fronting on the main street, with a butcher's shop on the side street. The building is of brick, with iron col-



FRONT ELEVATION.

umns and girders in the front of the store [illegible] and floors above. [illegible] plate glass window. [illegible] front and six feet on [illegible] wall back, which [illegible] for the display [illegible] along the [illegible] with abundant shelf [illegible]. An office, inclosed [illegible] and glass and lighted by [illegible], is placed at [illegible]. There is a good sized storeroom in the rear for rough goods and a stair [illegible] cellar all complete.

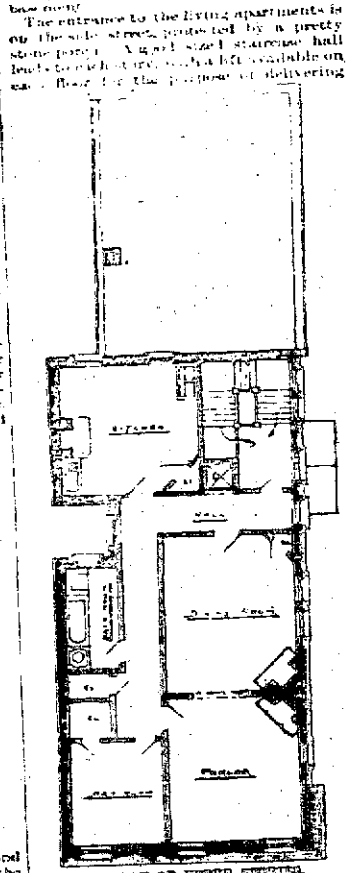


STORE AND SHOP PLAN.

At the rear of the store, fronting on the side street, is a neatly arranged butcher shop with [illegible] counter, chopping block, table and stairs to the cellar.

Each store is provided with a hatchway in the sidewalk, closed with iron doors, for the purpose of conveying goods to the basement.

The entrance to the living apartments is on the side street, protected by a pretty stone porch. A good sized staircase hall leads to each story, with a lift available on each floor for the purpose of delivering



PLAN OF UPPER STORIES.

goods to the occupants of each apartment. The cost of this building in brick is about $3,000; in wood it could be erected for $3,000.

D. W. KING.

She Wanted the Ring.

He—My dear, will you be mine?

She—25?

Catarrh
In the head
Is a constitutional
Disease, and requires
A constitutional remedy—
Like Hood's Sarsaparilla.
Which purifies the blood.
Makes the weak strong.
Restores health.
Try it now.

Notice.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Smethport Odd Fellows' Hall Association will be held for the election of officers, etc., at their hall, on Wednesday, Dec. 17, 1890. Books for the transfer of stock will be closed two weeks before and remain closed until one week after said meeting.

H. M. CHOATE, Secretary.

Smethport, Pa., Nov. 19, 1890.

MARVELOUS ENDURANCE.

The vast amount of labor performed by the heart in keeping all portions of the body supplied with blood is not generally known. It beats 100,000 times, and forces the blood at the rate of 168 miles a day, which is 300,000,000 times and 5,150,880 miles in a life time. No wonder there are so many Heart Failures. The first symptoms are shortness of breath when exercising, pain in the side or stomach, fluttering, choking in throat, oppression, then follow weak, hungry or smothering spells, swollen ankles, etc. Dr Franklin Miles' New Heart Cure is the only reliable remedy. Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

Prof. Barrett of St. Lawrence county, N. Y., speaking of pulmonary diseases, says: not one death occurs now where twenty died before Downs' Elixir was known. Over fifty years of constant success places Downs' Elixir at the head of the long list of cough remedies.

THE HONEY BEE AT HOME.

All About the Internal Affairs of a Bee Hive—Workers, Drones and Queen.

An average colony contains 20,000 inhabitants composed of a queen or mother bee, several hundred drones or males and workers of undeveloped gender, the mass of the colony. The queen, the only perfect female, seems to have allotted to her as sole duty the depositing of eggs in brood cells, prepared by the workers. From one hundred to nearly if not quite two thousand are deposited daily, according to the season and weather. She can readily be distinguished from the others by her size, which is much larger. She possesses a sting, but never uses it except in combat with a rival queen; never goes abroad after her bridal tour, except with a colony swarming, and retains her vigor about three years. The drones, or males, are bees of leisure, and differ much in appearance from the queen. They are less active, have no sting, no proboscis for gathering honey, no basket for pollen, no sacks for the secretion of wax which the workers have. In the latter part of summer they are usually looked upon as unnecessary and burdensome members of society and are put to death.

The workers are the sole laborers, bringing into the hive four substances, out of which are produced all things necessary for the construction of the hive, raising the young, etc. First—Honey, nectar of flowers extracted by a kind of proboscis, stored in honey sacks and carried to hive. This honey has to be prepared by mixing with it formic acid secreted in the [illegible] and mixed with honey by vigorous stirring. Second—Pollen [illegible] to feed young [illegible]. Third—Propolis or bee glue obtained from the willow, poplar and other trees, used to cement cracks and [illegible] as stays to strengthen cells. Fourth—Water to give drink [illegible] their food. Wax [illegible] is not gathered like the other material, but secreted under [illegible] underneath the abdomen. When [illegible] they eat honey and hang [illegible] in clusters which [illegible] their swarms often to judge them wrongfully, thinking them idle.

The queen [illegible] as soon as pollen can be secured from blossoms, which is mixed with honey and water partly digested by the bee and laid in the cells with the eggs to feed the larvæ as soon as hatched. In about three days the larvæ hatch a tiny worm without legs. They are fed until about nine or ten days, when they nearly fill the cell and [illegible] are sealed over. Around themselves they spin a silken sack changed from larvæ into a perfect bee, coming forth in about twenty days from hatching, and four days later go forth as master workers, wearing out their lives during the busy season in about six weeks. Queen cells can readily be distinguished from other cells, much resembling an acorn cup, and are placed in the comb vertically instead of horizontally on the outer edge. Young queen bees are fed with royal food and come to perfection a few days sooner than the others.—Wisconsin Farmers' Institute.

An Interesting Potato Experiment.

A World correspondent writes as follows: This season I have had some of the largest and finest potatoes that I ever saw grown in New Jersey, and the strange part of it is that I did not plant them. Last winter the weather was so mild that the potatoes scattered in the ground from last year's planting—such as were too small to [illegible] the crop [illegible] last spring [illegible] I determined to try an experiment. I put [illegible] on them and plowed and [illegible] and was well paid for my [illegible]. The vines continued to grow as late as Aug. 10, while the vines and potatoes planted in the regular way were dead and the potatoes not nearly so large.

Loss in Manure.

It is now quite generally admitted that the best way of saving manure and preventing its waste is to haul it out as soon as convenient and spread it on the ground where it is most wanted. When left for months in the barn yard there is always loss from leaching and soaking into the ground, where it does no good. If hauled out and spread the soil absorbs and holds all that is leached out by the rains. In this way the loss is reduced to a minimum, [illegible] that it may be on grounds so sandy or gravelly that there is nothing to retain it, or only near its surface, or so steep that surface washing carries it off.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 182 Fulton Street, N. Y.

EVERY WATERPROOF COLLAR OR CUFF

THAT CAN BE RELIED ON

Not to Split!

Not to Discolor!

BEARS THIS MARK.

BE UP TO THE MARK

TRADE CELLULOID MARK.

NEEDS NO LAUNDERING. CAN BE WIPED CLEAN IN A MOMENT.

THE ONLY LINEN-LINED WATERPROOF COLLAR IN THE MARKET.

A. T. PALMER,

LIVERY AND SALE STABLES.

DEALER IN HORSES, Wagons, Carriages, Carts, Harness, Etc.

WATER STREET BARN.

—ALSO—

FEED AND BOARDING STABLE,

BENNETT HOUSE BARN.

MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE. SMETHPORT, PA.

BROWNELL BROS,

SMETHPORT, PA.,

Manufactured by
THE SWANTON SUSPENDER CO.
SWANTON VT.
KEEP YOUR PANTS ON with the ATWOOD SUSPENDER.

We are sole agents of the above Suspenders.

Announce to the people of Smethport and vicinity that their stock is now complete and embraces many

Novelties in Every Department,

Designed for the

EVERY-DAY-TRADE.

OUR EPICUREAN DEPARTMENT is supplied with all the leading brands of Canned and Bottled Good, including fruits, vegetables, meats soups, etc.

OUR DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT embraces all the latest fabrics in Dress Goods, White Goods, Table Linens, Damasks, &c.

OUR SHOE DEPARTMENT can not be beat. Fine Shoes for Ladies' Misses' and Children's wear. Also Men's Youths' and Boys' Boots and Shoes of every description.

We have also in stock a full line of Hats and Caps, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Gloves and Mittens.

Groceries and Provisions and the Best Brands of Flour in the Market.

FURNITURE.

Talk is cheap, but Sound Business Principles always pays in the long run. To the people of Smethport and the country surrounding, we have a few words to say.

First—we keep the finest and best quality as well as the cheapest goods in the furniture line, to be found in any establishment.

Second—We sell our goods at a living profit, and don't pretend to sell at less than what they cost.

Third—If we have not the goods wanted we will procure them at prices to suit purchasers.

We claim that no purchaser wants shoddy furniture palmed off onto them for first-class goods, and an experience of 27 years in the business convinces us that success always attends

SQUARE DEALING.

We sell a handsomer and better made bedroom set of Antique Oak furniture for $25 than was brought into this country from Buffalo during the past year for which $30 was paid.

We sell beautiful parlor sets and lounges at ten per cent. less than it will cost you to ship them in from Buffalo or Rochester.

Don't purchase until you look over our goods and prices.

SPECHT & SASSE.

TRY LARRY'S DANDRUFF CURE.

Sportsmen's Supplies.
LARRY'S
TONSORIAL PARLORS,
GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL,
SMETHPORT, PENN'A.
Fishermen's Supplies.

Orders Promptly Responded to at Private Residences.

march 21-90 tf

CARPETS!

The largest and best assortment of carpets ever seen in this section of country is now offered for sale at the Furniture and Carpet Store in Smethport. A. Reilly, the manager, has just returned from Philadelphia, the great carpet manufacturing centre of the United States, where he has made this selection. Mr. Reilly's experience in the wool and carpet business for over twenty years gives him an experience that few, if any, in the county possess. The goods were bought direct from the manufacturers and the cash discount saved which enables us, with store rent free, insurance less than one per cent., not only to compete with surrounding cities but to sell our goods from five to ten per cent. less than the same goods are sold in some carpet houses in the cities.

Our stock of carpets includes Moquets, Velvet, Body and Tapestry Brussels, Three-Ply Ingrain All Wool, Two-Ply Ingrain, all wool, Two-Ply Ingrain, Cotton Chain; also a fine quality Rag Carpet, Oil Cloths and Rugs of all sizes and prices. It will pay people wanting carpets to come many miles to see and examine our stock before purchasing.

SMETHPORT FURNITURE AND CARPET CO.

A. REILLY, Manager.

8-16

GLEASON & LEMMLER

Dealers in and Manufacturers of

HARNESS

OF EVERY TYLES AND CHARACTER

Which they will sell at the

LOWEST RATES.

They also keep a full supply of

Saddles, Blankets, Whips, Etc.

Also a large and complete invoice of

TRUNKS & VALISES

Which they propose to sell at manufacturers prices. Call and examine our stock and prices and become satisfied that it is a waste of time look elsewhere for goods we sell. We are selling our goods as low as any house west of New York for quality.

GLEASON & LEMMLER

Smethport, Pa., March 12, 1884.

No more of this!

Rubber Shoes unless worn uncomfortably tight, generally slip off the feet.

THE "COLCHESTER" RUBBER CO.

make all their shoes with inside of heel lined with rubber. This clings to the shoe and prevents the rubber from slipping off.

Call for the "Colchester"

"ADHESIVE COUNTERS."

RAMSDELL SWEET & CO. Wholesale Ag't's,

BUFFALO.

AT RETAIL BY

Retail dealers can have their names inserted here on application.

THE BEST

Meat and Vegetable Market

—IN—

SMETHPORT.

We are prepared to furnish the people of town and adjacent country with

FRESH MEAT,

HAM, SAUSAGES,

Salt Meats, Corned Beef, Lard, Chickens, &c., &c.

—ALSO—

VEGETABLES

IN THEIR SEASON.

A FIRST-CLASS LINE OF

FAMILY GROCERIES

AT PRICES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST.

A Full Line of

CANNED GOODS

Highest market price paid fo Hides and Pelts.

G. W. WILLIAMS & SONS

Main Street, Smethport, Pa.

I CURE FITS!

When I say CURE I do not mean merely to stop them for a time, and then have them return again. I MEAN A RADICAL CURE. I have made the disease of

FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS,

A life-long study. I WARRANT my remedy to CURE the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a FREE BOTTLE of my INFALLIBLE REMEDY. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and it will cure you. Address,

H. G. ROOT, M. C., 183 Pearl St., New York.

GEO. P. MORGAN

$7.50 $7.50

A Full Size, 40-pound

HAIR MATTRASS

FOR $7.50

On receipt of above amount I will forward one of my celebrated Mattrasses, which are guaranteed to be as represented or money refunded.

I will also furnish Country Cottages of 10 rooms

FOR 175.00

Morgan's Furniture Warerooms,

1520, 1524, 1526 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK CITY.

N. B.—Would be pleased to have you call when in our city.

Men Wanted & Salary

To reliable men we will give steady employment and LIBERAL SALARY paying their traveling expenses. We grow our own Stock exclusively and GUARANTEE it to be strictly first class in every particular, true to name as ordered. Full instructions furnished. No experience necessary. Apply at once, stating age. Address E. C. PEIRSON & Co., Maple Grove Nurseries, Waterloo, N. Y.

DOWNS' ELIXIR

N. H. DOWNS'

VEGETABLE BALSAMIC

ELIXIR

Has stood the test for fifty-nine years and has proved itself the best remedy known for the cure of

Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, and all Lung Diseases in young or old.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Price, 25c., 50c., $1.00 per bottle.

HENRY, JOHNSON & LORD, Props., Burlington, Vt.

FOR SALE BY

H. L. McCOY and A. B. ARMSTRONG,

SMETHPORT, PA.

1890

Finds us with larger and better stock of

CYCLES,

Cripples Tricycles,

Sundries, &c. than ever. Also more room, repair shop and riding school, and centrally located for both local and shipping trade, exchanging &c.

Have added a fine line of Safes, Writing Desks and Road Carts, and am ready to quote Low Prices.

M. A. WOODBURY,

41-43 Mechanic Street, BRADFORD, PA.

HOWARD F. WILSON,

DINING HALL,

FRESH BALTIMORE

OYSTERS

Served in every style.

FRESH FISH

for family use received every Thursday evening. Leave your orders and they will be delivered at your houses free of charge.

MEALS AND LUNCH

Served at all hours. Call and get

A GOOD DINNER FOR 25 CENTS.

Fine brands of Tobacco and Cigars, and soft drinks of every description constantly on hand. Smethport, May 2, 1890—tf

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Wm. RADAM'S MICROBE KILLER

CURES ALL DISEASES.

THE GREATEST MEDICINE OF THE AGE

IT PURIFIES THE BLOOD, DESTROYS MICROBES,

the cause of every disease, and is a wonderful

Tonic and Antiseptic.

Book giving history of microbes and the Microbe Killer FREE.

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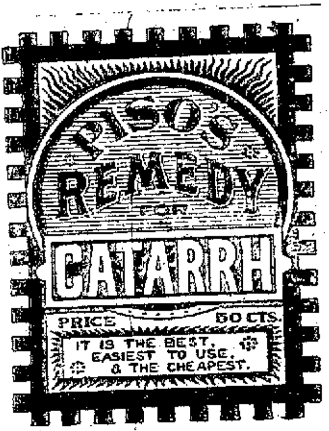

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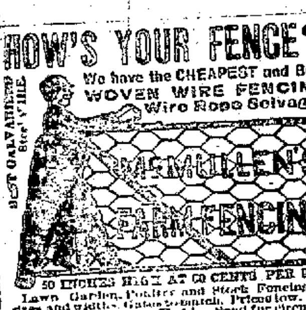
PRICE 50 CTS.
IT IS THE BEST, EASIEST TO USE, & THE CHEAPEST.

HOW'S YOUR FENCE?



We have the CHEAPEST and Best WOVEN WIRE FENCING Wire Rope Selvage.

50 INCHES HIGH AT 60 CENTS PER ROD. Lawn, Garden, Poultry and Stock Fencing, all sizes and widths. Gates to match. Prices low. Sold by dealers. Freight Paid. Send for circulars. THE McMULLEN WOVEN WIRE FENCE CO., CHICAGO, ILL.

TO WEAK MEN

Suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, wasting weakness, lost manhood, etc., I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, FREE of charge. A splendid medical work; should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address,

Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

The Lackawanna Route

[illegible]

Free Lands. New Towns. Low Rates. Horses, Cattle. Sheep, Hogs. Milk River. Young Man! G. N. R. L.

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A SOLID STEEL FENCE!

MADE OF

EXPANDED METAL

SOMETHING NEW.

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CENTRAL EXPANDED METAL CO.

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